George Mason University College of Education and Human Development Graduate School of Education Mathematics Education Leadership

MATH 610 6M2 and 6M4 – Number Systems and Number Theory for K-8 Teachers 3 Credits, Fall 2018 Tuesdays 4:45 PM – 7:25 PM; Willow Oaks Admin Building

Faculty

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Prerequisites/Corequisites

Admission to the Mathematics Education Leadership Master's Degree Program or instructor permission.

University Catalog Course Description

This course covers the topics: ways of representing numbers, relationships between numbers, number systems, the meanings of operations and how they relate to one another, and computation within the number system as a foundation for algebra. It also includes episodes in history and development of the number system, and will examine the developmental sequence and learning trajectory as children learn this material.

Course Overview

This course, for future K-8 mathematics teacher specialists, examines concepts contained in the number and operations strands of the Virginia Standards of Learning (SOL), Common Core State Standards (CCSS), and/or referenced in the National Council of Teachers of Mathematics (NCTM) Principles and Standards. Through a coordinated program of activities, participants will learn to explore the structure of number systems, properties of numbers and develop number sense, computation and estimation concepts and skills.

Course Delivery Method

This course will be delivered using a lecture format.

Learner Outcomes or Objectives

This course is designed to enable students to do the following:

- 1. Use numerous representations and conceptual models
- 2. Develop flexibility in problem solving
- 3. Explain number concepts and interpret student work in many ways

Professional Standards

Standard 1: Content Standards

To be prepared to support the development of student mathematical proficiency, all elementary mathematics specialists should know the following topics related to number and operations with their content understanding and mathematical practices supported by appropriate technology and varied representational tools, including concrete models:

- C.1.1 Counting and cardinality, comparing and ordering, understanding the structure of the base ten number system with particular attention to place value, order of magnitude, one-to-one correspondence, properties, and relationships in numbers and number systems whole numbers, integers, rationals, irrationals and reals.
- C.1.2 Arithmetic operations (addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division) including mental mathematics and standard and non-standard algorithms, interpretations, and representations of numbers –whole numbers and integers.
- C.1.3 Fundamental ideas of number theory divisors, factors and factorization, multiples, primes and composite numbers.
- C.1.5 Historical development and perspectives of number, operations, number systems, and quantity including contributions of significant figures and diverse cultures.

Standard 2: Mathematical Practices (NCTM NCATE Mathematics Content for Elementary Mathematics Specialist *Addendum to the NCTM NCATE Standards 2012*)

Effective elementary mathematics specialists solve problems, represent mathematical ideas, reason, prove, use mathematical models, attend to precision, identify elements of structure, generalize, engage in mathematical communication, and make connections as essential mathematical practices. They understand that these practices intersect with mathematical content and that understanding relies on the ability to demonstrate these practices within and among mathematical domains and in their teaching and mathematics leadership.

In their role as teacher, lead teacher, and/or coach/mentor, elementary mathematics specialist candidates:

- 2a) Use problem solving to develop conceptual understanding, make sense of a wide variety of problems and persevere in solving them, apply and adapt a variety of strategies in solving problems confronted within the field of mathematics and other contexts, and formulate and test conjectures in order to frame generalizations.
- 2b) Reason abstractly, reflectively, and quantitatively with attention to units, constructing viable arguments and proofs, and critiquing the reasoning of others; represent and model generalizations using mathematics; recognize structure and express regularity in patterns of

mathematical reasoning; use multiple representations to model and describe mathematics; and utilize appropriate mathematical vocabulary and symbols to communicate mathematical ideas to others.

- 2c) Formulate, represent, analyze, and interpret mathematical models derived from real-world contexts or mathematical problems.
- 2f) Model how the development of mathematical understanding within and among mathematical domains intersects with the mathematical practices of problem solving, reasoning, communicating, connecting, and representing.

Required Texts

- Fosnot, C.T., & Dolk, M. (2001). Young mathematicians at work: Constructing multiplication and *division*. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.
- Schifter, D., Bastable, V., & Russell, S. J. (2016). *Number and operations, part 1: Building a system of tens casebook*. Reston: National Council of Teachers of Mathematics.
- National Council of Teachers of Mathematics. (2014). *Principles to actions: Ensuring mathematical success for all.* Reston, VA: NCTM.

Suggested Texts

National Council of Teachers of Mathematics (2011). *Developing Essential Understanding of Number and Numeration in Pre-K-Grade 2.* Reston, VA: Author

Van de Walle, J., Karp, K, & Bay-Williams, J.(2018). *Elementary and Middle School Mathematics: Teaching Developmentally*. (10th edition) Boston, MA: Pearson Education.

Course Performance Evaluation

1. PARTICIPATION (10%)

A commitment to participation in class discussions and course depends heavily and primarily on the regular attendance and participation of all involved. Participation will include taking part in discussions informed by critical reading and thinking, leading discussions about selected mathematics problems, and sharing with the class the products of various writing, reflection, lesson planning, and field experience assignments. The expectations, demands and workload of this course are professional and high. This requires students to consider number systems and number theory using different strategies and a variety of manipulatives and resources. During math work time, students should be developing algorithms for the <u>entire</u> work time, or discussing and sharing algorithms with each other. During math-talk and discussion times, students should be actively engaged by voicing their thoughts and connecting to topics presented during the discussion

A commitment to reading reflectively and critically the assigned readings. The readings will be used to provide a framework and coherent theme to the course content. They have been selected to introduce themes in professional development as well as research and critical commentary on current issues in mathematics education.

Additional information regarding participation, tardies and absences can be found on Blackboard.

2. NUMBERS & OPERATIONS REFLECTION #1: DEVELOPMENT OF EARLY NUMBER SENSE NUMBER TALK (20%)

(*NCTM NCATE* 1.1, 2a, 2b, 2c, 2f)

The purpose of this Course Performance Based Assessment is for the candidate to demonstrate preparedness to support the development of student mathematical proficiency. All elementary mathematics specialists should know the identified topics related to numbers and operations with their content understanding and mathematical practices. The candidate will implement a number talk centered on development of early number sense in class. Additionally, this assignment requires a written reflection connected to the candidate's current mathematical understanding and how it has changed. The final product(s) will be submitted on Blackboard in Tk20. For a complete project description, rubric and grading criteria please see assignment descriptions at the end of the syllabus.

3. NUMBERS & OPERATIONS REFLECTION #2: DEVELOPMENT OF OPERATION NUMBER TALK (20%)

(*NCTM NCATE* 1.2, 2a, 2b, 2c, 2f)

The purpose of this Course Performance Based Assessment is for the candidate to demonstrate preparedness to support the development of student mathematical proficiency. All elementary mathematics specialists should know the identified topics related to numbers and operations with their content understanding and mathematical practices.

The candidate will implement a number talk centered on development of operation in class. Additionally, this assignment requires a written reflection connected to the candidate's current mathematical understanding and how it has changed. The final product(s) will be submitted on Blackboard in Tk20. For a complete project description, rubric and grading criteria please see assignment descriptions at the end of the syllabus.

4. NUMBERS & OPERATIONS REFLECTION #3: GROUPWORTHY TASKS IN FUNDAMENTAL IDEAS OF NUMBER THEORY (30%)

(*NCTM NCATE* 1.3, 2a, 2b, 2c, 2f)

This is a Course Performance Based Assessment. Candidates will collaboratively work in groups to identify K-8 classroom activities that promote the fundamental ideas of number theory: divisors, factors and factorization, multiples, primes and composite numbers. The final product(s) will be submitted on Blackboard in Tk20. For a complete project description, rubric and grading criteria please see assignment descriptions at the end of the syllabus.

5. NUMBERS & OPERATIONS REFLECTION #4: HISTORICAL IGNITE TALK PRESENTATION (20%)

(*NCTM NCATE* 1.5, 2a, 2b, 2c, 2f)

This is a Course Performance Based Assessment. Candidates will explore the historical development and perspectives of number, operations, number systems, and quantity including contributions of significant figures and diverse cultures. Candidates will identify a non-Eurocentric mathematician who contributed to the key ideas of number systems and number theory, and present a 5-minute Ignite Talk on this figure in class. The final product(s) will be submitted on Blackboard in Tk20. For a complete project description, rubric and grading criteria please see assignment descriptions at the end of the syllabus.

6. Other Requirements

It is your responsibility to attend all class sessions. Please report your reasons for any absences to the instructor in writing.

Tardiness: It is your responsibility to be on time for each class session. Please report your reasons for any tardiness to the instructor in writing.

Class materials will be posted for each class session on Blackboard. Students are responsible for reviewing these materials and submitting required artifacts (where appropriate) to online class discussion boards.

All assignments are to be turned in to your instructor on time. Late work will not be accepted for full credit. Assignments turned in late will receive a 10% deduction from the grade per late day or any fraction thereof (including weekends and holidays).

• Grading

A 93%-100%	B + 87% - 89%	C 70%-79%
A- 90%-92%	B 80%-86%	F Below 70%

For Master's Degrees:

Candidates must have a minimum GPA of 3.00 in coursework presented on the degree application, which may include no more than 6 credits of C. (Grades of C+, C-, or D do not apply to graduate courses. The GPA calculation excludes all transfer courses and Mason non-degree studies credits not formally approved for the degree).

For Endorsement Requirements

Candidates must have a grade of B or higher for all licensure coursework (endorsement coursework).

Professional Dispositions

See https://cehd.gmu.edu/students/polices-procedures/

Class Schedule

Key: Fosnot & Dolk = Young Mathematicians at work; Number = Developing Essential Understanding of Number; Van de Walle = Elementary and Middle School Mathematics; Cases = Building a system of tens: Casebook

Date	Topic(s)	Readings	Due
Week 1 8/28	Syllabus Overview Principles to Actions (NCTM, 2014): The Mathematics Teaching Practices Connecting to the TRU Framework Number Talks		
Week 2 9/4	Beliefs of Mathematics Teaching and Learning "Mathematics" or "Mathematizing"? Developing Efficient Computation with Mini Lessons Developing Early Number Concepts and Number Sense	Fosnot & Dolk: Chapter 1 Fosnot & Dolk: Chapter 7 Cases: 6 & 7 Number: Big Idea #1 Van de Walle: Chapter 8	
Week 3 9/11	The role of context in problem solving Mathematical Communities Base-10 structure	Fosnot & Dolk: Chapter 2 Fosnot & Dolk: Chapter 8 Cases: 8 & 9 Number: Big Idea #5	Number Sense Number Talk Presentations
Week 4 9/18	Structure of problem solving, shortcuts, and strategy development Written number vs. spoken number	Cases: 10 & 11 Cases: Chapter 8 - Section 1 Number: Big Idea #2 & #3	Number Sense Number Talk Presentations
Week 5 9/25	Whole-number Place-value concepts	Cases: 23 -27 Cases: Chapter 8 – Section 2 Number: Big Idea #4 Van de Walle: Chapter 11	Number Sense Number Talk Presentations
Week 6 10/2	Critical Friend & Group Collaboration Addition and subtraction strategies	Chapter 4 Excerpt (Horn, 2013) Cases: 1 - 3 Van de Walle: Chapter 12	
Week 7 10/09	Addition and subtraction procedures Fact fluency	Cases: 4, 5 & 12 Cases: Chapter 8 – Section 3 Van de Walle: Chapter 10	Number Sense Number Talk Presentations DUE & Uploaded to Tk20

Week 8 10/15	Problem solving as a reason for operations Addition and subtraction strategies beyond whole numbers	Cases: 13 & 14 Van de Walle: Chapter 9	Historical Ignite Talk Presentations
Week 9 10/23	Developing Mathematical Models to Make Meaning of Operations	Fosnot & Dolk: Chapter 5 Number: p43-45	Operations Number Talk Presentations Historical Ignite Talk Presentations
Week 10 10/30	Multiplication Strategies	Fosnot & Dolk: Chapter 3 Cases 15 & 16 Van de Walle: Chapter 13 Number: p45-46	Operations Number Talk Presentations Historical Ignite Talk Presentations
Week 11 11/6	Connecting Division to Multiplication	Fosnot & Dolk: Chapter 4 Cases: 17, 18 Cases: Chapter 8 – Section 4	Operations Number Talk Presentations Historical Ignite Talk Presentations
Week 12 11/13	Critical Friend & Group Collaboration 21 st century teaching	Chapter 4 Excerpt (Horn, 2013) Cases: 19 & 20 Van de Walle: Chapters 1 & 7	Operations Number Talk Presentations DUE & Uploaded to Tk20
Week 13 11/22	No Class; University closed in observance of T	Thanksgiving	
Week 14 11/27	Algorithms Versus Number Sense Problem based classroom	Fosnot & Dolk: Chapter 6 Cases: 21, 22 Van de Walle: Chapters 3 & 4 Number: p49-50	Historical Ignite Talk Presentations
Week 15 12/4	Groupworthy Tasks Assessments	Van de Walle: Chapter 5 Number: Chapter 3	Historical Ignite Talk Project Due & Uploaded to Tk20
Week 16 12/11	Teachers as Mathematicians Teaching Mathematics Equitably to All Children	Fosnot & Dolk: Chapter 9 Van de Walle: Chapter 6	Groupworthy Tasks Project Due & Uploaded to Tk20

Note: Faculty reserves the right to alter the schedule as necessary, with notification to students.

Core Values Commitment

The College of Education and Human Development is committed to collaboration, ethical leadership, innovation, research-based practice, and social justice. Students are expected to adhere to these principles: <u>http://cehd.gmu.edu/values/</u>.

GMU Policies and Resources for Students

Policies

- Students must adhere to the guidelines of the Mason Honor Code (see https://catalog.gmu.edu/policies/honor-code-system/).
- Students must follow the university policy for Responsible Use of Computing (see http://universitypolicy.gmu.edu/policies/responsible-use-of-computing/).
- Students are responsible for the content of university communications sent to their Mason email account and are required to activate their account and check it regularly. All communication from the university, college, school, and program will be sent to students **solely** through their Mason email account.
- Students with disabilities who seek accommodations in a course must be registered with George Mason University Disability Services. Approved accommodations will begin at the time the written letter from Disability Services is received by the instructor (see https://ds.gmu.edu/).
- Students must silence all sound emitting devices during class unless otherwise authorized by the instructor.

Campus Resources

- Support for submission of assignments to Tk20 should be directed to <u>tk20help@gmu.edu</u> or <u>https://cehd.gmu.edu/aero/tk20</u>. Questions or concerns regarding use of Blackboard should be directed to <u>http://coursessupport.gmu.edu/</u>.
- For information on student support resources on campus, see https://ctfe.gmu.edu/teaching/student-support-resources-on-campus

For additional information on the College of Education and Human Development, please visit our website https://cehd.gmu.edu/students/.

Numbers and Operations Reflection 1: Number Talks – Development of Early Number Sense Course Performance Based Assessment

a Performance Based Assessment that addresses the following NCTM Math Sn

This is a Performance Based Assessment that addresses the following NCTM Math Specialist Standards:

- NCTM Elements: 1a, 2a, 2b, 2c, 2, f
- NCTM Content Standard: C.1.1
 - Counting and cardinality, comparing and ordering, understanding the structure of the base ten number system with particular attention to place value, order of magnitude, one-to-one correspondence, properties, and relationships in numbers and number systems whole numbers and integers.

Focus of Reflection: Analyzing and describing development and misconceptions

The purpose of this course's Performance Based Assessment is for the candidate to demonstrate preparedness to support the development of student mathematical proficiency. All elementary mathematics specialists should know the above topics related to numbers and operations with their content understanding and mathematical practices.

The candidate will conduct a math talk and written reflection connected to their current mathematical understanding and how it has changed over the duration of the course. The final product will be submitted on Blackboard in Tk20. For a complete rubric and grading criteria please see the rubric below.

Summary of Actions

- Collaborate with your assigned group to develop a math talk. Anticipate a variety (20+) different types of responses and questions to probe diverse responses.
- Conduct a math talk in class as a collaborative team.
- Reflect on your math talk by answering the questions for the written reflection paper.
- Submit the following to Tk20: 1) activity with work samples and/or photos; and 2) written reflection paper.

WRITTEN REFLECTION PAPER

The written reflection paper should be clearly written so that the candidate's understanding of the involved numbers and operations content and mathematical practices is evident. There are five guiding questions with sub-questions that should be addressed in the written reflections:

1. What conceptual and procedural knowledge is required for students to fully understand this math talk? What new knowledge was gained?

2. How was the development of student sense-making and problem solving in this math talk? How were your probing questions used along with student responses in this development?

3. How did you and your group anticipate multiple representations? How were mathematical vocabulary, symbols, and generalizations used when connecting different representations?

4. Create or cite an open-ended (multiple ways of solving), multiple-solution (multiple correct solutions), contextual (real world) task that is aligned to the mathematical standards of the math talk. In what ways does the math talk support the mathematical understandings of this task?

5. Which of the five NCTM Process Standards (Problem Solving, Reasoning & Proof, Representations, Connections & Communications) was least evident in the math talk. Describe a modification to the math talk that would enhance this standard.

Analyzing and Describing Development and Misconceptions

NCTM Elements: 1a, 2a, 2b, 2c, 2f

Number Talks – Development of Early Number Sense				
NCTM Content Standard : C.1.1 Counting and cardinality, comparing and ordering, understanding the structure of the base ten number system with particular attention to place value, order of magnitude, one-to-one correspondence, properties, and relationships in numbers and number systems – whole numbers and integers.				
Essential Understanding : Children develop number sense through a variety of experiences. Mistakes and misconceptions are essential in the development of number sense.				
 What is the developmental path for children learning counting and cardinality, comparing and ordering, understanding the structure of the base ten number system with particular attention to place value, order of magnitude, one-to-one correspondence, properties, and relationships in numbers and number systems? What mistakes and misconceptions do children make when developing early number sense? What do these mistakes and misconceptions tell you about a child's development of early number sense? 				

Number Talks – Development of Early Number Sense

As a collaborative group, develop a math talk focusing on base 10 and place value. Anticipate a variety (20+) different types of responses and questions to probe diverse responses. Conduct the math talk in class as a collaborative team. Reflect, individually, using the 5 question guide.

Numbers and Operations Reflection Course Performance Based Assessment

Level/Criteria	4		2	1
	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Developing	Does Not Meet Expectations
BUILDING CONCEPTUAL AND PROCEDURAL UNDERSTANDING NCTM Element 1.a Demonstrate and apply knowledge of major mathematics concepts, algorithms, procedures, applications in varied contexts and connections.	 The candidate includes all of the following elements: Application of conceptual and procedural knowledge in identifying solutions in the problem set Explanation of the development of conceptual to procedural knowledge Discussion of new knowledge gained and the connections to past knowledge and experiences 	 The candidate includes two of the following elements: Application of conceptual and procedural knowledge in identifying solutions in the problem set Explanation of the development of conceptual to procedural knowledge Discussion of new knowledge gained and the connections to past knowledge and experiences 	 The candidate includes one of the following elements: Application of conceptual and procedural knowledge in identifying solutions in the problem set Explanation of the development of conceptual to procedural knowledge Discussion of new knowledge gained and the connections to past knowledge and experiences 	 The candidate does not include any of following elements: Application of conceptual and procedural knowledge in identifying solutions in the problem set Explanation of the development of conceptual to procedural knowledge Discussion of new knowledge gained and the connections to past knowledge and experiences
PROBLEM SOLVING NCTM Element 2.a Use problem solving to develop conceptual understanding, make a sense of a wide variety of problems and persevere in solving them, apply and adapt a variety of strategies in solving problems confronted within the field of mathematics and other contexts, and formulate and test conjectures in order to frame generalizations.	 The candidate includes all of the following elements: Describes the use of problem solving within the problem set to formulate generalizations Explains how to make sense of the problems in the problem set Apply a variety of strategies and representations to the problem set 	 The candidate includes two of the following elements: Use of problem solving within the problem set to formulate generalizations Make sense of the problems in the problem set Apply a variety of strategies and representations to the problem set 	 The candidate includes one of the following elements: Use of problem solving within the problem set to formulate generalizations Make sense of the problems in the problem set Apply a variety of strategies and representations to the problem set 	 The candidate does not include any of following elements: Use of problem solving within the problem set to formulate generalizations Make sense of the problems in the problem set Apply a variety of strategies and representations to the problem set
REPRESENTATIONS NCTM Element 2.b Reason abstractly, reflectively, and quantitatively with attention to units, constructing viable arguments and proofs, and	The candidate includes all of the following elements: Describes how multiple representations were used to model the problem set	 The candidate includes two of the following elements: Describes how multiple representations were used to model the problem set 	 The candidate includes one of the following elements: Describes how multiple representations were used to model the problem set 	 The candidate does not include any of following elements: Describes how multiple representations were used to model the problem set

critiquing the reasoning of others; represent and model generalizations using mathematics; recognize structure and express regularity in patterns of mathematical reasoning; use multiple representations to model and describe mathematics; and utilize appropriate mathematical vocabulary and symbols to communicate mathematical ideas to others.	 Discusses how the representations support the creation of generalizations Uses appropriate mathematical vocabulary and symbols 	 Discusses how the representations support the creation of generalizations Uses appropriate mathematical vocabulary and symbols 	 Discusses how the representations support the creation of generalizations Uses appropriate mathematical vocabulary and symbols 	 Discusses how the representations support the creation of generalizations Uses appropriate mathematical vocabulary and symbols
CONTEXT NCTM Element 2.C Formulate, represent, analyze, and interpret mathematical models derived from real-world contexts of mathematical problems.	 The candidate includes all of the following elements: An example of a similar problem with a different context. An analysis of a similar problem (compare and contrast) An interpretation of the solution 	 The candidate includes two of the following elements: An example of a similar problem with a different context. An analysis of a similar problem (compare and contrast) An interpretation of the solution 	 The candidate includes one of the following elements: An example of a similar problem with a different context. An analysis of a similar problem (compare and contrast) An interpretation of the solution 	 The candidate does not include any of following elements: An example of a similar problem with a different context. An analysis of a similar problem (compare and contrast) An interpretation of the solution
NCTM PROCESS STANDARDS NCTM Element 2.F Use and assist teachers in using resources from professional mathematics education organizations such as teacher/leader discussion groups, teacher networks, and print, digital, and virtual resources/ collections	 The candidate includes a reflection on the process standards that includes a description of how each of the five NCTM Process Standards impact the mathematical understanding. The reflection includes specific instances where the candidate assisted teachers using all of the following elements: Teacher/Leader discussion groups Teacher networks Print, digital, and virtual resources/collections 	 The candidate includes a reflection on the process standards that includes a description of how four of the five NCTM Process Standards impact the mathematical understanding. The reflection includes specific instances where the candidate assisted teachers using two of the following elements: Teacher/Leader discussion groups Teacher networks Print, digital, and virtual resources/collections 	 The candidate includes a reflection on the process standards that includes a description of how three of the five NCTM Process Standards impact the mathematical understanding. The reflection includes specific instances where the candidate assisted teachers using one of the following elements: Teacher/Leader discussion groups Teacher networks Print, digital, and virtual resources/collections 	 The candidate includes a reflection on the process standards that includes a description of how one or two NCTM Process Standards impact the mathematical understanding. The reflection does not include any specific instances where the candidate assisted teachers using all of the following elements: Teacher/Leader discussion groups Teacher networks Print, digital, and virtual resources/collections

Numbers and Operations Reflection 2: Number Talks – Development of Operation **Course Performance Based Assessment**

This is a Performance Based Assessment that addresses the following NCTM Math Specialist Standards:

- NCTM Elements: 1a, 2a, 2b, 2c, 2, f •
- NCTM Content Standard: C.1.2
 - Arithmetic operations (addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division) including • mental mathematics and standard and non-standard algorithms, interpretations, and representations of numbers -whole numbers and integers.

Focus of Reflection: Analyzing and describing development and misconceptions of operations

The purpose of this Course Performance Based Assessment is for the candidate to demonstrate preparedness to support the development of student mathematical proficiency. All elementary mathematics specialists should know the above topics related to numbers and operations with their content understanding and mathematical practices.

The candidate will conduct a math talk and written reflection connected to their current mathematical understanding and how it has changed over the duration of the course. The final product will be submitted on Blackboard in Tk20. For a complete rubric and grading criteria please see the rubric below.

Summary of Actions

- Collaborate with your assigned group to develop a math talk. Anticipate a variety (20+) different types of responses and questions to probe diverse responses.
- Conduct a math talk in class as a collaborative team. •
- Reflect on your math talk by answering the questions for the written reflection paper.
- Submit the following to Tk20: 1) activity with work samples and/or photos; and 2) written reflection paper.

WRITTEN REFLECTION PAPER

The written reflection paper should be clearly written so that the candidate's understanding of the involved numbers and operations content and mathematical practices is evident. There are five guiding questions with sub-questions that should be addressed in the written reflections:

1. What conceptual and procedural knowledge is required for students to fully understand this math talk? What new knowledge was gained?

2. How was the development of student sense-making and problem solving in this math talk? How were your probing questions used along with student responses in this development?

How did you and your group anticipate multiple representations? How were 3. mathematical vocabulary, symbols, and generalizations used when connecting different representations?

4. Create or cite an open-ended (multiple ways of solving), multiple-solution (multiple correct solutions), contextual (real world) task that is aligned to the mathematical standards of the math talk. In what ways does the math talk support the mathematical understandings of this task?

5. Which of the five NCTM Process Standards (Problem Solving, Reasoning & Proof, Representations, Connections & Communications) was least evident in the math talk. Describe a modification to the math talk that would enhance this standard.

Analyzing and Describing Development and Misconceptions

NCTM Elements: 1a, 2a, 2b, 2c, 2f

Number Talks – Development of Operation

NCTM Content Standard: C.1.2

Arithmetic operations (addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division) including mental mathematics and standard and non-standard algorithms, interpretations, and representations of numbers –whole numbers and integers.

Itial Understanding: Children develop number sense through a variety of experiences. Mistakes and misconceptions are essential in the development of number sense.

- What is the developmental path for children learning arithmetic operations (addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division) including mental mathematics and standard and non-standard algorithms, interpretations, and representations of numbers whole numbers and integers.
- What mistakes and misconceptions do children make when developing operational sense?
- What do these mistakes and misconceptions tell you about a child's development of operational sense?

Number Talks – Development of Operational Sense

As a collaborative group, develop a math talk based on addition or subtraction. Anticipate a variety (20+) different types of responses and questions to probe diverse responses. Conduct the math talk in class as a collaborative team. Reflect, individually, using the 5 question guide.

Level/Criteria	4	3	2	1
	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Developing	Does Not Meet Expectations
BUILDING CONCEPTUAL AND PROCEDURAL UNDERSTANDING NCTM Element 1.a Demonstrate and apply knowledge of major mathematics concepts, algorithms, procedures, applications in varied contexts and connections.	 The candidate includes all of the following elements: Application of conceptual and procedural knowledge in identifying solutions in the problem set Explanation of the development of conceptual to procedural knowledge Discussion of new knowledge gained and the connections to past knowledge and experiences 	 The candidate includes two of the following elements: Application of conceptual and procedural knowledge in identifying solutions in the problem set Explanation of the development of conceptual to procedural knowledge Discussion of new knowledge gained and the connections to past knowledge and experiences 	 The candidate includes one of the following elements: Application of conceptual and procedural knowledge in identifying solutions in the problem set Explanation of the development of conceptual to procedural knowledge Discussion of new knowledge gained and the connections to past knowledge and experiences 	 The candidate does not include any of following elements: Application of conceptual and procedural knowledge in identifying solutions in the problem set Explanation of the development of conceptual to procedural knowledge Discussion of new knowledge gained and the connections to past knowledge and experiences
PROBLEM SOLVING	The candidate includes all of	The candidate includes two of	The candidate includes one of	The candidate does not
NCTM Element 2.a Use problem solving to develop conceptual understanding, make a sense of a wide variety of problems and persevere in solving them, apply and adapt a variety of strategies in solving problems confronted within the field of mathematics and other contexts, and formulate and test conjectures in order to frame generalizations.	 the following elements: Describes the use of problem solving within the problem set to formulate generalizations Explains how to make sense of the problems in the problem set Apply a variety of strategies and representations to the problem set 	 the following elements: Use of problem solving within the problem set to formulate generalizations Make sense of the problems in the problem set Apply a variety of strategies and representations to the problem set 	 the following elements: Use of problem solving within the problem set to formulate generalizations Make sense of the problems in the problem set Apply a variety of strategies and representations to the problem set 	 include any of following elements: Use of problem solving within the problem set to formulate generalizations Make sense of the problems in the problem set Apply a variety of strategies and representations to the problem set

Numbers and Operations Reflection Course Performance Based Assessment

REPRESENTATIONS NCTM Element 2.b Reason abstractly, reflectively, and quantitatively with attention to units, constructing viable arguments and proofs, and critiquing the reasoning of others; represent and model generalizations using mathematics; recognize structure and express regularity in patterns of mathematical reasoning; use multiple representations to model and describe mathematics; and utilize appropriate mathematical vocabulary and symbols to communicate mathematical ideas to others.	 The candidate includes all of the following elements: Describes how multiple representations were used to model the problem set Discusses how the representations support the creation of generalizations Uses appropriate mathematical vocabulary and symbols 	 The candidate includes two of the following elements: Describes how multiple representations were used to model the problem set Discusses how the representations support the creation of generalizations Uses appropriate mathematical vocabulary and symbols 	 The candidate includes one of the following elements: Describes how multiple representations were used to model the problem set Discusses how the representations support the creation of generalizations Uses appropriate mathematical vocabulary and symbols 	 The candidate does not include any of following elements: Describes how multiple representations were used to model the problem set Discusses how the representations support the creation of generalizations Uses appropriate mathematical vocabulary and symbols
CONTEXT NCTM Element 2.C Formulate, represent, analyze, and interpret mathematical models derived from real- world contexts of mathematical problems.	 The candidate includes all of the following elements: An example of a similar problem with a different context. An analysis of a similar problem (compare and contrast) An interpretation of the solution 	 The candidate includes two of the following elements: An example of a similar problem with a different context. An analysis of a similar problem (compare and contrast) An interpretation of the solution 	 The candidate includes one of the following elements: An example of a similar problem with a different context. An analysis of a similar problem (compare and contrast) An interpretation of the solution 	 The candidate does not include any of following elements: An example of a similar problem with a different context. An analysis of a similar problem (compare and contrast) An interpretation of the solution
NCTM PROCESS STANDARDS NCTM Element 2.F Use and assist teachers in using resources from professional mathematics education organizations such as teacher/leader discussion groups, teacher networks, and print, digital, and virtual resources/ collections	The candidate includes a reflection on the process standards that includes a description of how each of the five NCTM Process Standards impact the mathematical understanding. The reflection includes specific instances where the candidate assisted teachers using all of the following elements:	The candidate includes a reflection on the process standards that includes a description of how four of the five NCTM Process Standards impact the mathematical understanding. The reflection includes specific instances where the candidate assisted teachers using two of the following elements:	The candidate includes a reflection on the process standards that includes a description of how three of the five NCTM Process Standards impact the mathematical understanding. The reflection includes specific instances where the candidate assisted teachers using one of the following elements:	The candidate includes a reflection on the process standards that includes a description of how one or two NCTM Process Standards impact the mathematical understanding. The reflection does not include any specific instances where the candidate assisted teachers using all of the following elements:

Teacher/Leader discussion groups	Teacher/Leader discussion groups	Teacher/Leader discussion groups	Teacher/Leader discussion groups
• Teacher networks	• Teacher networks	• Teacher networks	• Teacher networks
 Print, digital, and virtual 			
resources/collections	resources/collections	resources/collections	resources/collections

Numbers Systems and Number Theory Reflection 3: Analyzing Math Games

Course Performance Based Assessment

This is a Performance Based Assessment that addresses the following NCTM Math Specialist Standards:

- NCTM Elements: 1a, 2a, 2b, 2c, 2f
- NCTM Content Standard: C.1.3
 - Fundamental ideas of number theory divisors, factors and factorization, multiples, primes and composite numbers.

Focus of Reflection: Analyzing and aligning math games to math standards and diverse learners

The purpose of this Course Performance Based Assessment is for the candidate to demonstrate preparedness to support the development of student mathematical proficiency. All elementary mathematics specialists should know the above topics related to numbers and operations with their content understanding and mathematical practices.

The candidate will complete an activity and written reflection connected to their current mathematical understanding and how it has changed over the duration of the course. The final product will be submitted on Blackboard in Tk20. For a complete rubric and grading criteria please see the rubric below.

Summary of Actions

- Complete the game activity.
- As a group, reflect on one game by answering the questions for the written reflection paper.
- Each student will submit the following to Tk20: 1) game, work samples, and/or photos; and 2) written reflection paper.

WRITTEN REFLECTION PAPER

The written reflection paper should be clearly written so that the candidate's understanding of the involved numbers systems and number theory content and mathematical practices is evident. There are five guiding questions with sub-questions that should be addressed in the written reflections:

1. What new conceptual or procedural knowledge was gained in playing this game? Describe how the game uses strategy to develop the conceptual and procedural knowledge (If it doesn't, describe how you would modify it so that it does)?

2. How does the use of the game promote problem solving, multiple representations, generalizations, connections, and assist the formulation of student generalizations (If it doesn't, describe how you would modify it so that it does)?

3. How does this game support learners to use mathematical modeling, appropriate mathematical vocabulary, and symbols during game play (If it doesn't, describe how you would modify it so that it does)?

4. Create or cite an open-ended (multiple ways of solving), multiple-solution (multiple correct solutions), contextual (real world) task that is aligned to the mathematical standards

of the game. In what ways does the game support the mathematical understandings of this task?

5. Which of the five NCTM Process Standards (Problem Solving, Reasoning & Proof, Representations, Connections & Communications) was least evident in the game. Describe a modification to the game that would enhance this standard.

Analyzing and aligning games to mathematical standards and diverse learners

NCTM Elements: 1a, 2a, 2b, 2c, 2f

Analyzing Math Games

NCTM Content Standard: C.1.2

Fundamental ideas of number theory – divisors, factors and factorization, multiples, primes and composite numbers.

Essential Understanding: Children develop number theory through a variety of experiences, including games. Games provide an opportunity for students to increase arithmetic fluency while using strategy to analyze patterns and number theory. Mistakes and misconceptions are essential in the development of game strategy and number sense.

- What mistakes lead to strategies and recognition of number patterns?
- How aligned is a game to the mathematical standards?
- How does a math game meet the needs of diverse learners?

Analyzing Math Games

Phase 1: Explore and analyze a variety of math games.

As a mathematics specialist, you will need to analyze and evaluate games and activities in order to determine if they meet the instructional goal and the needs of diverse learners. In phase 1, you will explore and analyze a variety of math games. You will use supplemental readings and group collaboration to determine the quality of the games.

Phase 2: Identify four math games and collaborate with your assigned group to determine the value of the games.

Each group member will identify four quality math games that meet the following criteria:

- *Game 1* Uses technology
- *Game 2* Published by: John Van de Walle, Burns, Fosnot, Illuminations, Math Solutions, Kathy Richardson or other as approved by the instructor
- *Game 3* Uses an ELL/SIOP strategy or sentance frame
- Game 4 Uses minimal materials and can be sent home with a child at zero or minimal cost

Phase 3: Game Day

Groups will present their games during a game day. This is not a lecture presentation. All directions must be available for playing without assistance.

Phase 4: Group write-up

Groups will write up the reflection together, and each candidate will submit the reflection to TK-20 individually.

Numbers Systems and Number Theory Reflection

Level/Criteria	4	3	2	1
	Exceeds Expectations	Meets	Developing	Does Not Meet Expectations
BUILDING CONCEPTUAL AND PROCEDURAL UNDERSTANDING NCTM Element 1.a Demonstrate and apply knowledge of major mathematics concepts, algorithms, procedures, applications in varied contexts and connections.	 The candidate includes all of the following elements: Application of conceptual and procedural knowledge in identifying solutions in the problem set Explanation of the development of conceptual to procedural knowledge Discussion of new knowledge gained and the connections to past knowledge and experiences 	 Expectations The candidate includes two of the following elements: Application of conceptual and procedural knowledge in identifying solutions in the problem set Explanation of the development of conceptual to procedural knowledge Discussion of new knowledge gained and the connections to past knowledge and experiences 	 The candidate includes one of the following elements: Application of conceptual and procedural knowledge in identifying solutions in the problem set Explanation of the development of conceptual to procedural knowledge Discussion of new knowledge gained and the connections to past knowledge and experiences 	 The candidate does not include any of following elements: Application of conceptual and procedural knowledge in identifying solutions in the problem set Explanation of the development of conceptual to procedural knowledge Discussion of new knowledge gained and the connections to past knowledge and experiences
PROBLEM SOLVING NCTM Element 2.a	The candidate includes all of the following elements:	The candidate includes two of the following elements:	The candidate includes one of the following elements:	The candidate does not include any of following elements:
Use problem solving to develop conceptual understanding, make a sense of a wide variety of problems and persevere in solving them, apply and adapt a variety of strategies in solving problems confronted within the field of mathematics and other contexts, and formulate and test conjectures in order to frame generalizations.	 Describes the use of problem solving within the problem set to formulate generalizations Explains how to make sense of the problems in the problem set Apply a variety of strategies and representations to the problem set 	 Use of problem solving within the problem set to formulate generalizations Make sense of the problems in the problem set Apply a variety of strategies and representations to the problem set 	 Use of problem solving within the problem set to formulate generalizations Make sense of the problems in the problem set Apply a variety of strategies and representations to the problem set 	 Use of problem solving within the problem set to formulate generalizations Make sense of the problems in the problem set Apply a variety of strategies and representations to the problem set
REPRESENTATIONS NCTM Element 2.b Reason abstractly, reflectively, and	The candidate includes all of the following elements:	The candidate includes two of the following elements:	The candidate includes one of the following elements:	The candidate does not include any of following elements:
quantitatively with attention to units,				

Course Performance Based Assessment

constructing viable arguments and proofs, and critiquing the reasoning of others; represent and model generalizations using mathematics; recognize structure and express regularity in patterns of mathematical reasoning; use multiple representations to model and describe mathematics; and utilize appropriate mathematical vocabulary and symbols to communicate mathematical ideas to others.	 Describes how multiple representations were used to model the problem set Discusses how the representations support the creation of generalizations Uses appropriate mathematical vocabulary and symbols 	 Describes how multiple representations were used to model the problem set Discusses how the representations support the creation of generalizations Uses appropriate mathematical vocabulary and symbols 	 Describes how multiple representations were used to model the problem set Discusses how the representations support the creation of generalizations Uses appropriate mathematical vocabulary and symbols 	 Describes how multiple representations were used to model the problem set Discusses how the representations support the creation of generalizations Uses appropriate mathematical vocabulary and symbols
CONTEXT NCTM Element 2.C	The candidate includes all of the following elements:	The candidate includes two of the following elements:	The candidate includes one of the following elements:	The candidate does not include any of following elements:
Formulate, represent, analyze, and interpret mathematical models derived from real-world contexts of mathematical problems.	 An example of a similar problem with a different context. An analysis of a similar problem (compare and contrast) An interpretation of the solution 	 An example of a similar problem with a different context. An analysis of a similar problem (compare and contrast) An interpretation of the solution 	 An example of a similar problem with a different context. An analysis of a similar problem (compare and contrast) An interpretation of the solution 	 An example of a similar problem with a different context. An analysis of a similar problem (compare and contrast) An interpretation of the solution
NCTM PROCESS STANDARDS NCTM Element 2.F Use and assist teachers in using resources from professional mathematics education organizations such as teacher/leader discussion groups, teacher networks, and print, digital and wittual programs	The candidate includes a reflection on the process standards that includes a description of how each of the five NCTM Process Standards impact the mathematical understanding. The reflection includes	The candidate includes a reflection on the process standards that includes a description of how four of the five NCTM Process Standards impact the mathematical understanding. The reflection includes	The candidate includes a reflection on the process standards that includes a description of how three of the five NCTM Process Standards impact the mathematical understanding. The reflection includes	The candidate includes a reflection on the process standards that includes a description of how one or two NCTM Process Standards impact the mathematical understanding. The reflection does not include
digital, and virtual resources/ collections	specific instances where the candidate assisted teachers using all of the following elements:	specific instances where the candidate assisted teachers using two of the following elements:	specific instances where the candidate assisted teachers using one of the following elements:	any specific instances where the candidate assisted teachers using all of the following elements:
	 Teacher/Leader discussion groups Teacher networks 	 Teacher/Leader discussion groups Teacher networks 	 Teacher/Leader discussion groups Teacher networks 	 Teacher/Leader discussion groups Teacher networks

| • Print, digital, and virtual |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| resources/collections | resources/collections | resources/collections | resources/collections |

Reflection Log 5 rubric

Candidates will explore the historical development and perspectives of number, operations, number systems, and quantity including contributions of significant figures and diverse cultures. Candidates will identify a non-Eurocentric mathematician who contributed to the key ideas of number systems and number theory, and present a 5-minute Ignite Talk on this mathematician in class. The final product(s) will be submitted on Blackboard in Tk20.

Levels/Criteria	4	3	2	1
	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Developing	Does Not Meet Expectations
NCTM Indicator C.1.5 Historical development of numbers and operations.	Essay describes the historical development of numbers and operations in depth and provides specific examples.	Essay describes the historical development of numbers and operations and provides specific examples.	Essay describes the historical development of numbers and operations and provides an example.	Essay includes incomplete description of historical development of numbers and operations.
NCTM Indicator C.1.5 Historical perspectives of numbers and operations.	Essay describes the historical perspectives of numbers and operations in depth and provides specific examples.	Essay describes the historical perspectives of numbers and operations and provides specific examples.	Essay describes the historical perspectives of numbers and operations and provides an example.	Essay includes incomplete description of historical perspectives of numbers and operations.
NCTM Indicator C.1.5 Contributions of historically significant figures and diverse cultures.	Essay describes contributions of historically significant figures and diverse cultures in depth and provides specific examples.	Essay describes contributions of historically significant figures and diverse cultures and provides specific examples.	Essay describes contributions of historically significant figures and diverse cultures and provides an example.	Essay includes incomplete description of historically significant figures and diverse cultures.