George Mason University College of Education and Human Development EDRS 822 - ADVANCED APPLICATIONS OF QUALITATIVE METHODS Spring 2013 - Tuesdays, 4:30-7:10 pm Thompson Hall 2007

PROFESSOR

Supriya Baily, Ph.D.

Office phone: 703-993-8351 Email address: sbaily1@gmu.edu
Office location: Thompson Hall L042 Office hours: By appointment

COURSE DESCRIPTION:

A. Prerequisite(s): EDRS 810 and 812 or equivalent coursework.

B. Course description from the university catalog

Advanced seminar devoted to study of current topics in qualitative research. Deals with cutting-edge information on selected advanced topics in qualitative research, and provides opportunities to apply new skills and knowledge to projects related to students' interests.

Geometric patterns are seen as a cornerstone of Islamic decoration, mainly due to their non-representational quality and associations with balance and order. Circles, squares, stars and multisided polygons are duplicated, interlaced, and arranged in intricate combinations to form highly complex patters... All Islamic pattern is based on the idea that what we see is always and only a part of a whole that extends to infinity.

Museum of Islamic Art, Doha, Qatar

What does this quote on Islamic Art have to do with Advanced Qualitative Research Methods? One could ask what does not? Culture, patterns, analysis, reflexivity and interpretation are common to both and increasingly research methods seek to better understand the complexities that are inherent to the context, culture, and question.

What are the theoretical and practical implications that undergird approaches to qualitative methodology? What are the innate meanings, hidden challenges, and critical juxtapositions that inform the ways in which we "do" research? This course is an advanced seminar that will try to answer these questions and focus on current and emerging issues in qualitative research. In this course, student will explore the philosophical underpinnings of design and application, as well as various analytical techniques. This course consists of three modules, each on a particular aspect of qualitative research including design and theories of qualitative research, methods and analysis and finally quality issues and ethics in conducting qualitative research.

This advanced course offers students flexibility to pursue methodological interests as they build towards their dissertation and the instructor will expect students to work closely with their major advisor in developing the questions and research focus that they will subsequently build on during this course.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

Through this course students should:

- Develop an awareness of alternative philosophies and methods of qualitative research in relation to general perspectives of inquiry.
- Develop alternative research designs for various forms of qualitative research.
- Develop and critique various methods of data collection and analysis, depending on emerging and changing research design.
- Critique data collection and analysis techniques in relation to relevant literature on qualitative research methods.
- Critique your research project and suggest areas for improvement.
- Critique empirical qualitative research according to standards for quality research.

NATURE OF COURSE DELIVERY

This course includes a variety of learning activities: discussions in seminar format, text-based/multi-media presentation of course materials, experiential learning activities including interactive assignments, cooperative learning group activities, online discussions and activities, and lecture.

COURSE READINGS

Required:

- 1. Patton, M. Q. (2002). Qualitative research and evaluation methods (3rd ed.). Newbury Park: Sage. [Comprehensive text for course: Modules 1-3]
- 2. Holstein, J. A., & Gubrium, J. F. (Eds.). (2008). Inside interviewing: New lenses, new concerns. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage. [Primary text for Module 2]
- 4. Luttrell, W. (Ed.). (2010). Qualitative educational research: Readings in reflexive methodology and transformative practice. New York: Routledge. [Primary text for Module 3]

Other readings as assigned. (Articles available on Blackboard in the Readings Folder.)

COURSE EXPECTATIONS

This course demands active and engaged participation, thorough reading of assigned texts and articles, as well the willingness to be critical readers of research. While each student will have significantly different research interests, I expect students to be critical friends to each other and create safe spaces for dialogue, conversation and yes, even critique.

Participation (14 points for attendance)

This class will be collaborative and interactive—be prepared for discussion! Questions are encouraged and expected, and alternative viewpoints are welcome. I value contributions to our discussions and ask you to speak up! However, I do expect you to support your assertions. Also, I expect all of us to create an educational climate of open debate that is respectful and democratic. Your participation as a team member and a class member will be evaluated, not by the *quantity* of

your contribution, but by the *quality* and *integrity* of your contribution. As such keep these guidelines in mind as you prepare for class:

- Maintain balance between speaking and listening roles. I do not expect you to 'time' yourself;
 be aware, though, 'strong' personalities overpower a discussion.
- Listens attentively and offers constructive feedback. All contributions should be considered and negotiated.
- Accept diversity in viewpoints and negotiates differences. You are not expected to agree with one another at all times! However, we will be respectful and professional.
- Shares leadership roles. While it is comfortable to let 'managers' and 'organizers' plan team strategy, this will result in a vision defined by one person.

Readings

As you can tell from the schedule, there are both expected and suggested readings. As you read ask yourself what <u>your</u> questions and concerns are about this issue and that you list them. After finishing a reading ask yourself how it related to your questions or concerns. <u>Did it answer your questions? Did it raise new issues? Do you agree or disagree with the author? Then, outline the author's main points. If an example of a qualitative article is also assigned, analyze it in terms of the methodological readings: How do the ideas apply? How do they not apply? What are their implications for this study? We will often be reading articles or book chapters presenting different perspectives on the same topic. Think about each author's approach to qualitative research as you read his/her section for a particular module, and how this fits into the different approaches we have discussed. We will be discussing many of these ideas in class so it would help to have these ideas documented in a notebook for reference.</u>

Assessments

Visual reflections (11 points -5.5 each)

At two points in the semester, you will review your notes from your readings and prepare a visual representation of the big ideas from your readings on a 8x11" piece of paper. These reflections will go back to the big ideas underlined in the previous section. Think of your notes as data. What insights emerge on reviewing your analysis of your readings. What additional thoughts emerged from the notes based on classroom conversations. These visual reflections should be brought to class and will be shared in small groups, leading to a larger conversation on meta-themes that are beginning to emerge as a result of the analysis and sharing.

Module Papers (3)

You will write a scholarly essay for each of the three modules in this course: philosophy, design and methods, quality. We will discuss these topics and paper parameters in class. Each paper should address the following areas:

1. Topic development. What topic or issue did you choose for your paper? Why did you choose

this—what were your goals in exploring this topic? Is this a personal or professional exploration? Provide rationale for selecting this topic.

- 2. Topic coverage. What aspects of this topic are covered in our readings? In other literature? What are you exploring beyond class material? Is your focus broad (breadth of topic) or narrow (depth of topic)? What theories, beliefs, or expectations did you have about this topic? Where did these questions and expectations come from? How did they change as a result of this assignment (if they did)?
- 3. Discussion and critique. Have you developed each of your major points and connected them to the course material? Have you reflected on the material and considered alternative viewpoints? Does your essay critique both the content covered and assumptions about that content?
- 4. Application to personal research. How might this topic impact your dissertation or other research projects? Why? What 'makes sense' to you and why? What is not useful to you and why?
- 5. Technical. This is a scholarly assignment in an advanced doctoral methods course. APA guidelines for writing and referencing are expected.

Each paper should be no longer than 10 typed pages, double-spaced, 12pt font – standard APA guidelines. Appendices may be added and not included in page count, but all materials should be addressed sufficiently in text. These papers will allow you to interact personally with the material based on your own research interests and dissertation development. I suggest you communicate directly with your major professor/dissertation advisor about these assignments, as they may be used in either your proposal or dissertation. I would be happy to discuss this with you and your advisor via e-mail.

Course Assessment

Assignment	Points
Participation	14
Visual reflections	11
Module One Paper	25
Module Two Paper	25
Module Three Paper	25
	Total 100

Grades on assignments turned in late will be reduced 10%, and assignments more than one week late will not be accepted. Attendance is very important to class participation; one point will be deducted per class-hour absence.

Evaluation Criteria (see Bloom's Revised Taxonomy, Anderson & Krathwohl, 2001)

- 40% Reflection and Critique: avoids surface presentation and summary of topic; identifies and meets need relevant to discipline; provides neutral presentation of strengths and weaknesses of topic; evaluates strengths and weaknesses; states and supports position.
- Integration and Support: provides comprehensive connections across course material (i.e., readings, discussions, previous learning, and personal experiences); balances theory and practice; provides appropriate and adequate support for ideas, facts, and propositions.
- Technical Soundness: characterizes professionalism and scholarship; attends to audience composition and needs; exhibits drafting and editing appropriate for graduate-level work. Papers should conform to APA 6th edition.

Grading See also assessment rubric, and grading scale relevant to evaluation criteria.

COLLEGE OF EDUCATION AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

Student Expectations

- Students must adhere to the guidelines of the George Mason University Honor Code [See http://academicintegrity.gmu.edu/honorcode/].
- Students with disabilities who seek accommodations in a course must be registered with the George Mason University Office of Disability Services (ODS) and inform their instructor, in writing, at the beginning of the semester [See http://ods.gmu.edu/].
- Students must follow the university policy for Responsible Use of Computing [See http://universitypolicy.gmu.edu/1301gen.html].
- Students are responsible for the content of university communications sent to their George Mason University email account and are required to activate their account and check it regularly. All communication from the university, college, school, and program will be sent to students solely through their Mason email account.
- Students must follow the university policy stating that all sound emitting devices shall be turned off during class unless otherwise authorized by the instructor.
- Students are expected to exhibit professional behaviors and dispositions at all times.

Campus Resources

- The George Mason University Counseling and Psychological Services (CAPS) staff consists of
 professional counseling and clinical psychologists, social workers, and counselors who offer
 a wide range of services (e.g., individual and group counseling, workshops and outreach
 programs) to enhance students' personal experience and academic performance [See
 http://caps.gmu.edu/].
- The George Mason University Writing Center staff provides a variety of resources and services (e.g., tutoring, workshops, writing guides, handbooks) intended to support students as they work to construct and share knowledge through writing [See http://writingcenter.gmu.edu/].

• For additional information on the College of Education and Human Development, Graduate School of Education, please visit our website [See http://gse.gmu.edu/].

PROPOSED CLASS SCHEDULE¹

Date	Topic/Learning Experiences	Readings and Assignments			
	MODULE ONE: Philosophy and Theory of Qualitative Research				
WEEK 1 January 22	Course Introduction Course overview and syllabus requirements Course Expectations and interests	No readings assigned for this class.			
WEEK 2 January 29	Overview of QR Paradigms and Conceptual Frameworks	Patton, chpts. 1-2 Luttrell, chpt. 1 *Labaree, D. F. (1998). Educational researchers: Living with a lesser form of knowledge. Educational Researcher, 27(8), 4-12.			
WEEK 3 February 5	The Ongoing Debate: The Value of Qualitative Research Questioned	Patton, chpt. 3 Luttrell, chpt. 4 Hammersley, M. (2000). The relevance of qualitative research. Oxford Review of Education, 26(3-4), 393-405. Demerath, P. (2006)The science of context: modes of response for qualitative researchers in education. International Journal of Qualitative Studies in Education, 19 (1), 97-113.			
WEEK 4 February 12	Framing Design to Orientation	Patton, chpt. 4 Holstein & Gubrium, chpt. 1 Luttrell (preview section two) *Koro-Ljungberg, M. Yendol-Hoppey, D., Smith, J. J., & Hayes, S. B. (2009). (E)pistemological awareness, instantiation of methods, and uninformed methodological ambiguity in qualitative research projects. Educational			

¹ Readings marked with an * indicates further reading for those more interested in this particular topic.

		Researcher, 38(9), 687-699.	
WEEK 5 February 19 Dialogue: Module Paper One and Visual Reflection DUE Discussion topics are decided by class focus. This can be a comprehensive review and/or assessment of the material covered thus far or an additional topic that would be helpful for the class. Time will also be provided to discuss your first visual reflection. MODULE TWO: Design and Methods of Qualitative Research			
WEEK 6 February 26	Selection: A Critique of Convenience	Patton, chpt. 5 Freeman, M. (2000). Knocking on doors: On constructing culture. Qualitative Inquiry, 6(3), 359-369. Reybold, L. E., Lammert, J., & Stribling, S. M. (in press). Thinking forward: Consciousness and the selection process. Qualitative Research. *Miranda, pp. 1-48 (strongly recommended)	
WEEK 7 March 5	Evaluating Qualitative Methods of Data Collection	Patton, chpts. 6-7 Holstein & Gubrium, chpts. 2, 4, 7-8 *Brown, L., & Durrheim, K. (2009). Different kinds of knowing: Generating qualitative data through mobile interviewing. Qualitative Inquiry, 15(5), 911-930. *Gubrium, E., & Koro-Ljungberg, M. (2005). Contending with border making in the social contructionist interview. Qualitative Inquiry, 11(5), 689-715. *Kvale, S. (2006). Dominance through interviews and dialogues. Qualitative Inquiry, 12(3), 480-500. MODULE PAPER ONE DUE	
March 12	SPRING BREAK	NO CLASS	
Week 8 March 19	Beyond Coding: Interpreting and Generating Meaning	Patton, chpt. 8 Holstein & Gubrium, chpts. 15, 18 Luttrell, chpts. 12, 26-27 Kvale, S. (1996). The 1,000 page question. Qualitative Inquiry. 2(3), 275-284. *Maxwell, J. (2004). Causal explanation,	

		qualitative research, and scientific inquiry in education. Educational Researcher 33(2), 3-11.		
WEEK 9 March 26	Narrative, Critical Theory and Discourse Techniques	Holstein & Gubrium, chpts. 16-17, 19 Enosh, G., & Buchbinder, E. (2005). The interactive		
	·	construction of narrative styles in sensitive interviews: The case of domestic violence		
		research. Qualitative Inquiry, 11(4), 588-617.		
		Wolgemuth, J. R. (2006). Toward an inquiry of discomfort: Guiding transformation in		
		"emancipatory" narrative research. Qualitative Inquiry, 12(5), 1022-1039.		
WEEK 10	Dialogue: Module Paper One and Visu Discussion topics are decided by class	focus. This can be a comprehensive review and/or		
April 2	assessment of the material covered thus far or an additional topic that would be helpful			
	for the class. Time will also be provided to discuss your second visual reflection.			
	MODULE THREE: Quality Is	sues in Qualitative Research		
WEEK 11 April 10	Quality and privilege in QR	Patton, chpt. 9 Holstein & Gubrium, chpt. 20, 24		
Арііі іо		Luttrell, chpts. 11, 17, 22, 27		
		Hermes, M. (1998). "Research Methods as a Situated Response: Towards a First Nations'		
		Methodology." Qualitative Studies in		
		Education 11:155-168.		
		* Cho, J., & Trent, A. (2006). Validity in qualitative research revisited. Qualitative Research, 6(3),		
		319-340.		
		*Polkinghorne, D. E. (2007). Validity issues in narrative research. Qualitative Inquiry, 13(4),		
		471-486.		
		Module Paper Two due		
WEEK 12 April 16	Ethics in Qualitative Research Representing the "other" in	Luttrell, chpts. 7-8 Denzin, N. K. (2007). Sacagawea's nickname, or the		
	qualitative research.	Sacagawea problem. Qualitative Research, 7(1),		
	Part 1	103-133. Baily, S. (2011). Speaking Up: Contextualizing		
		women's voices and gatekeepers' reactions in promoting women's empowerment in rural		
		India. Research in Comparative and		

)A/FFI/	Ethics in Qualitative Research	Reybold, L. E. (2008). The social and political	
WEEK 13 April 23	Part 2	structuring of faculty ethicality in education. Innovative Higher Education, 32, 279-295. * Anfara, Jr., V. A., Brown, K. M., & Mangione, T. L. (2002). Qualitative analysis on stage: Making the research process more public. Educational Researcher, 31(7), 28-38. *Howe, K. R. (2009). Isolating science from the humanities: The third dogma of educational research. Qualitative Inquiry, 15, pp. 766-784. Doi: 10.1177/1077800408318302	
April 30	N	O CLASS – AERA	
WEEK 14 May 7	Dialogue: Module Paper Three Discussion topics are decided by class focus. This can be a comprehensive review and/or assessment of the material covered thus far or an additional topic that would be helpful for the class – no new reading will be assigned however. Module Paper Three due [Turn in ALL previous original papers with my comments.]		

Supplemental Texts (These are FYI only! We will discuss in class which texts might be personally useful based on your interests.)

General/Comprehensive QR Texts

Denzin, N. K., & Lincon, Y. S. (Eds.). (2005). The handbook of qualitative research (3rd ed.). Newbury Park: Sage.

Gallagher, K. (Ed.). (2008). Methodological dilemma: Creative, critical, and collaborative approaches to qualitative research. London: Routledge.

Lincoln, Y. S., & Denzin, N. K. (Eds.). (2003). Turning points in qualitative research: Tying knots in a handkerchief. AltaMira Press.

Pascale, C. (2010). Cartographies of knowledge. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.

Philosophy and Theory of QR

Bentz, V. M., & Shapiro, J. J. (1998). Mindful inquiry in social research. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.

Hammersley, M. (2008). Questioning qualitative inquiry. Thousand Oaks, CA: iSage.

Jackson, A. Y., & Mazzei, L. A. (Eds.). (2008). Voice in qualitative inquiry. London: Routledge.

Lichtman, M. (Ed.)(2010). Understanding and evaluating qualitative educational research. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.

Grounded Theory

Charmaz, K. (2006). Constructing grounded theory: A practical guide through qualitative analysis. Newbury Park: Sage.

Clarke, A. E. (2005). Situational analysis: Grounded theory after the postmodern turn. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.

Narrative and Phenomenology

Gubrium, J. F., & Holstein, J. A. (Eds.). (2008). *Analyzing narrative reality.* Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage. Moustakas, C. (1994). *Phenomenological research methods.* Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.

Interview & Observation

Gubrium, J. F., & Holstein, J. A. (Eds.). (2002). Handbook of interview research: Context and method. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.

Rose, G. (2007). Visual methodologies: An introduction to the interpretation of visual materials (2nd ed.). Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.

Assignments: General Guidelines/Assessment Rubric

Module Papers: General topics are identified in the syllabus. Papers should be no longer than 10 pages (not including title page, references, and appendices), double spaced, one-inch margins, APA 6th edition.

 20%	Problem/Purpose Development	R/C	I/E	T
20%	Methodology	R/C	I/E	T
20%	Findings/Discussion	R/C	I/E	T
20%	Critique of Methodology	R/C	I/E	T
20%	Technical	R/C	I/E	T
				

Reflection and Critique: avoids surface presentation and summary of topic; identifies and meets relevant need; provides neutral presentation of strengths and weaknesses of topic; evaluates strengths and weaknesses; states and supports position.

- **B** Reflective on experience and personal opinions; no critique
- **B** Reflective on experience; reflection of material and/or theory embedded
- **B+** Reflective of material and/or theory
- **A-** Critique initiated; critique lacks validity and is not maintained
- A Critique initiated; critique is valid but not maintained
- A+ Critique initiated; critique is valid and well maintained

<u>Integration and Evidence:</u> provides comprehensive connections across course material (*i.e.*, readings, discussions, previous learning, and personal experiences); balances theory and practice; provides appropriate and adequate support for ideas, facts, and propositions.

- **B** Material **OR** experience integrated to some degree; inadequate support
- **B** Material **AND** experience integrated to some degree; inadequate support
- **B+** Material **AND** experience integrated well; inadequate support
- A- Material **OR** experience integrated well; limited support
- A Material AND experience integrated well; partial support is valid but not maintained

A+ Material **AND** experience integrated well; conclusive support is valid and maintained

<u>Technical Soundness:</u> characterizes professionalism and scholarship; attends to audience composition ar	ıd
needs; exhibits drafting and editing appropriate for graduate-level work. Marked items require attentior	1:

Grammar	Readability	APA Style	
Punctuation	Tone/Voice	Cover page	
Spelling	Language	Abstract	
Agreement	Flow	Citations	
Sentence structure	Transitions	Quotations	
Paragraph structure	Preview/Summary	References	