

GEORGE MASON UNIVERSITY COLLEGE OF EDUCATION AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT Multilingual/Multicultural Education EDCI 519 METHODS OF TEACHING MULTILINGUAL STUDENTS SPRING 2012 TUE: 7:20 PM – 10:00 PM ROB A – RM 106

-I- INSTRUCTOR INFORMATION

PROFESSOR:

DR. Marjorie Hall Haley TELEPHONE: (703) 993-8710 Office: Thompson 1504 Office Hours: <u>By Appt</u> E-MAIL: <u>mhaley@gmu.edu</u>

-II- COURSE DESCRIPTION FROM GMU CATALOGUE

Examines approaches, methods, and techniques for teaching English as second language (ESL) in bilingual and ESL classrooms, as well as resources available in field. Participants critically analyze and demonstrate teaching approaches based on second language acquisition research, including teaching language through content.

- A. Prerequisite: EDCI 516
- B. Catalog description: Course examines past and present approaches, methods, and techniques for teaching English as a Second Language.

NATURE OF COURSE DELIVERY

This course is highly interactive by design. It is predicated upon *learning by doing* and *discovery learning*. Assessment is based on performance-based assignments. This class will be engaged in cooperative learning, small group discussions, whole class discussions, peer feedback, short lectures, student-led micro teaching simulations, guest speakers, peer feedback, videos, multimedia, and reflection.

-III- LEARNER OUTCOMES

This course is aligned with TESOL/NCATE Standards for PK-12 Teacher Education. This course is designed to enable students to.....

(1.) Examine second language teaching methods/approaches, past and present, and relate them to teaching in a second language setting.

(2.) Learn to develop a lesson plan that uses the four language skills, listening, speaking, reading, and writing. This includes learning to develop a lesson plan that shows evidence of scaffolded, differentiated, and multi-level instruction.

(3.) Plan and demonstrate 2 mini lessons: based on a method/approach or on an instructional strategy.

(4.) Locate and examine multimedia resources in the field of bilingual/ESL education.

PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS

TESOL/NCATE	INTASC
Standards	Principles
Domain	_
1a 1b	P1
2a 2b	P2 P3
3a 3b 3c	P4 P7
3a 3b 3c	P4 P6 P7 P9
3c	P6
4a 4c	P8
5c	P10
	Standards Domain 1a 1b 2a 2b 3a 3b 3c 3a 3b 3c 3c 3c 4a 4c

Key: TESOL/NCATE Standards and Domains

INTASC = Standards for Licensing Beginning Teachers, where P = principles

EDCI 519 relationship to the GSE program goals include:

1. *Knowledge base for teaching in the second language classroom*. Learn the fundamental concepts of the knowledge base pertaining to ESL, English as a second dialect, and the teaching of other second and foreign languages; second language acquisition, psycholinguistics, sociolinguistics, pragmatics, and language pedagogy.

2. **Utilization of research**. EDCI 519 students should be able to understand and critically evaluate second language learning theories and engage in systematic investigation of the knowledge base to inform their own or others teaching practices.

3. *Classroom teaching*. EDCI 519 students should be able to plan and manage a second language class effectively and be able to evaluate and selectively apply a range of teaching strategies as appropriate to their students needs and characteristics. For this purpose, they will need to be able to assess different teaching situations and changing conditions in culturally and linguistically diverse classrooms, so as to select appropriate teaching procedures and adapt to teaching students with differing learning styles and cultural backgrounds.

4. *Curriculum*. Students will develop the skills needed to design, implement second language teaching strategies.

The *EDCI 519* relationship to National and State Standards include:

ESL Standards for P-12 Teacher Education Programs The ESL Standards for Pre-K-12 Students Interstate New Teacher Assessment and Support Consortium (INTASC) Standards National Board for Professional Teaching Standards (NBPTS) Virginia Standards of Learning (SOLs)

The EDCI 519 relationship to professional organizations include:

EDCI 519 follows the guidelines and recommendations made by the Teachers of English for Speakers of Other Languages (TESOL), the American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages (ACTFL), the National Association for Bilingual Education (NABE), and the National Association for Multicultural Education (NAME). ACTFL and TESOL, along with NABE and NAME, are the largest professional organizations that specialize in research on working with culturally and linguistically diverse populations. They embrace and celebrate cultural and ethnic diversity as a national strength that enriches a society and rejects the view that diversity threatens the fabric of a society. TESOL and ACTFL have the more specialized mission of developing the expertise of their members and other educators involved in teaching world languages, to help them foster an effective learning environment while accomplishing the goal of effective communication in diverse settings and oral and written language proficiency while respecting individuals' rights and needs.

REQUIRED TEXTS:

(1) Hall Haley, M. (2010). Brain-Compatible Differentiated Instruction for English Language Learners. Allyn & Bacon. Boston, MA.

Textbook Companion website: www.pearsonhighered.com/educator

(2) Hall Haley, M. & Austin, T. (2004). Content-based Second Language Teaching and Learning: An Interactive Approach. Allyn & Bacon. Boston, MA. Textbook Companion website: <u>http://www.ablongman.com/hallhaley1e</u>

(3) Vogt, M.E., & Echevarria, J.(2008). 99 Ideas and Activities for Teaching ELLs with the SIOP Model: Allyn & Bacon. Boston, MA.

(4) Herrera, S., & Murry, K. (2011). Mastering ESL and Bilingual Methods. Allyn & Bacon. Boston, MA.

(5) TESOL, PreK-12 English Language Proficiency Standards. ISBN: 978-193118531-8. Telephone: 703-836-0774. Fax 703-836-6447. Email: tesol@tesol.org http://www.tesol.org

(6) WIDA Standards Booklet: must ordered through the WIDA consortium. www.wida.us You may call them toll free at: 866-276-7735

Recommended Textbooks:

(7) Herrell, Adrienne & Jordan, Michael (2008). 50 Strategies for Teaching English Language Learners. Allyn & Bacon. Boston, MA.

(8) How to teach students who don't look like you: culturally relevant teaching strategies. Bonnie Davis.

15 points

-IV- COURSE ASSIGNMENTS/REQUIREMENTS:

1.	*Field experience and paper	20 points
2.	Two teaching simulations - one bas	sed on a particular method/strategy and one on a
	specific technique/skill	25 points
2	*Toch Project Mid Torm	20 nointe

- 3. *Tech Project Mid Term 20 points 4. *Final Project – Unit Lesson Plan 20 points
- 5. Class attendance and Participation

* These projects must be submitted both in paper copy and on either CD/DVD/Diskette

Using the designated ratings scale, requirements 1-5 will be added to calculate a final course grade.

GRADE	SCORE
Α	93-100 points
A-	90-92 points
B+	88–89 points
В	83-87 points
C or below	Unsatisfactory

Students will be expected to...

1. Attend all class sessions, <u>arriving on time</u>, and actively participate during large and small group discussions and activities. Three or more absences and/or tardies will result in one letter grade reduction.

2. Complete all assignments on time.

3. Purchase and maintain a three-ring binder which will be used for all course materials and should be brought to class every day.

G. GSE Syllabus Statements of Expectations

The Graduate School of Education (GSE) expects that all students abide by the following: Students are expected to exhibit professional behavior and dispositions. See gse.gmu.edu for a listing of these dispositions.

Students must follow the guidelines of the University Honor Code. See <u>http://www.gmu.edu/catalog/apolicies/#TOC_H12</u> for the full honor code.

Students must agree to abide by the university policy for Responsible Use of Computing. See <u>http://mail.gmu.edu</u> and click on Responsible Use of Computing at the bottom of the screen.

Students with disabilities who seek accommodations in a course must be registered with the GMU Disability Resource Center (DRC) and inform the instructor, in writing, at the beginning of the semester. See <u>www.gmu.edu/student/drc</u> or call 703-993-2474 to access the DRC.

Resources

Haley website http://cehd.gmu.edu/people/faculty/mhaley/exemplars PowerPoints for Haley text, Brain-Compatible: www.pearsonhighered.com/educator Haley research http://gse.gmu.edu/research/mirs Pearson Webinars: http://www.pearsonpd.com/webinars/archive/ http://www.pen.k12.va.us/VDOE/Instruction/Language Fairfax County Public Schools Program of Studies (POS): http://www.fcps.edu/dis/OMSI/esol/esolpos.html http://www.tesol.org http://www.ncbe.gwu http://discoveryschool.com/teachingtools.html http://www.quia.com http://www.cal.org/ericcll

Marjorie Hall Haley, PhD ESL/Language Arts ESL Café Web Guide (http://www.eslcafe.com/search/index.html) Schackne Online – Language Teaching (ESL-EFL Resources) (http://www.schackne.com/Languageteaching.htm) History/Social Studies History/Social Studies Web Site for K-12 Teachers (http://www.execpc.com/~dboals/boals.html) Science/Mathematics TheExploratorium'sTenCoolSites (http://www.exploratorium.org/learning_studio/sciencesites.html) FCPS Elementary Science Curriculum Resource Guide (http://www.fcps.edu/DIS/OEIAS/esscience/eslcires.htm)

-V- GMU POLICIES AND RESOURCES FOR STUDENTS

College of Education and Human Development Core Values

COLLABORATION

ETHICAL LEADERSHIP

INNOVATION

RESEARCH-BASED PRACTICE

SOCIAL JUSTICE

COLLEGE OF EDUCATION AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

Student Expectations

- Students must adhere to the guidelines of the George Mason University Honor Code [See http://academicintegrity.gmu.edu/honorcode/].
- Students with disabilities who seek accommodations in a course must be registered with the George Mason University Office of Disability Services (ODS) and inform their instructor, in writing, at the beginning of the semester [See http://ods.gmu.edu/].
- Students must follow the university policy for Responsible Use of Computing [See <u>http://universitypolicy.gmu.edu/1301gen.html</u>].
- Students are responsible for the content of university communications sent to their George Mason University email account and are required to activate their account and check it regularly. All communication from the university, college, school, and program will be sent to students solely through their Mason email account.
- Students must follow the university policy stating that all sound emitting devices shall be turned off during class unless otherwise authorized by the instructor.
- Students are expected to exhibit professional behaviors and dispositions at all times.

Campus Resources

- The George Mason University Counseling and Psychological Services (CAPS) staff consists of professional counseling and clinical psychologists, social workers, and counselors who offer a wide range of services (e.g., individual and group counseling, workshops and outreach programs) to enhance students' personal experience and academic performance [See <u>http://caps.gmu.edu/]</u>.
- The George Mason University Writing Center staff provides a variety of resources and services (e.g., tutoring, workshops, writing guides, handbooks) intended to support students as they work to construct and share knowledge through writing [See http://writingcenter.gmu.edu/].

GSE faculty may add at the conclusion:

 For additional information on the College of Education and Human Development, Graduate School of Education, please visit our website [See <u>http://gse.gmu.edu/</u>].

RHT faculty may add at the conclusion:

 For additional information on the College of Education and Human Development, School of Recreation, Health, and Tourism, please visit our website [See <u>http://rht.gmu.edu</u>].

George Mason University Policies and Resources for Students

- a. Academic integrity (honor code, plagiarism) Students must adhere to guidelines of the George Mason University Honor Code [See <u>http://academicintegrity.gmu.edu/honorcode/</u>].
- b. Mason Email Students are responsible for the content of university communications sent to their George Mason University email account and are required to activate their account and check it regularly. All communication from the university, college, school, division, and program will be sent to students solely through their Mason email account. Students must follow the university policy for Responsible Use of Computing [See <u>http://universitypolicy.gmu.edu/1301ge.html</u>].
- c. Counseling and Psychological Services The George Mason University Counseling and Psychological Services (CAPS) staff consists of professional counseling and clinical psychologists, social workers, and counselors who offer a wide range of services (e.g., individual and group counseling, workshops, and outreach programs) to enhance students' personal experience and academic performance [See <u>http://caps.gmu.edu/</u>].
- d. Office of Disability Services Students with disabilities who seek accommodations in a course must be registered with the George Mason University Office of Disability Services (ODS) and inform their instructor in writing at the beginning of the semester <u>http://ods.gmu.edu/]</u>.
- e. Students must follow the university policy stating that all sound emitting devices shall be turned off during class unless otherwise authorized by the instructor.
- f. The Writing Center (Optional Resource) The George Mason University Writing Center staff provides a variety of resources and services (e.g.,

tutoring, workshops, writing guides, handbooks) intended to support students as they work to construct and share knowledge through writing [See http://writingcenter.gmu.edu/].

g. University Libraries (Optional Resource) – The George Mason University Libraries provide numerous services, research tools, and help with using the library resources [See <u>http://library.gmu.edu/</u>].

Core Values Commitment: The College of Education and Human Development is committed to collaboration, ethical leadership, innovation, research-based practice, and social justice. Students are expected to adhere to these principles.

Class Assignments for EDCI 519					
Project	Points	Due Date			
Pre-Service Teachers – Field Experience LogsBilingual/ESL teaching strategies and methods embodied in the classroom procedures of the 		20 Points	17 Apr		
Two Teaching Simulations	which you engage students in learning. Simulate a teaching method/approach and one instructional strategy, using lesson plan template provided.	25 Points	Dates selected		
		20 Points	20 Mar		
Final Project	Create a unit lesson plan covering 5 days. Plan must include preparation, presentation, practice, evaluation, and expansion. Note: This project is required for the licensure portfolio.	20 Points	Last Class		
Class Attendance, Homework, and Participation	Attend all class sessions with homework completed, arriving on time, and actively participate during large and small group discussions and activities.	15 Points	Every class		

Proposed EDCI 519 Spring 2012 Schedule

Jan 24 Introduction/Orientation – Domain 1: Language Week (1)

Orientation. Review Course Outline. Bios collected. Readings' partners selected. PowerPoint – *Brain-Compatible Differentiated Instruction*

Assignment # 1 for next class:

(1) Read Haley pp. xi – xvi.

(2) Read Haley/Austin xv – xix and Chapter 1 (PowerPoint available online)

JAN 31 LANGUAGE ACQUISITION – DOMAIN 1 : LANGUAGE DOMAIN 2 : CULTURE DOMAIN 3 : PLANNING INSTRUCTION

Week (2)

How to plan for Brain-Compatible Differentiated Instruction. Review assignments. Read aloud Haley pp. 1-5. Introduce National, State, Local Standards, and WIDA. TESOL Levels of Proficiency, p. 23. PowerPoint – *Standards-Based Planning.* Writing objectives. Haley, pp. 111-112. Video, *Victor.* Starting Off The School Year – To Do Lists.

Guest Presenter: Camille (MiMi) Fallow – Fairfax County Pub Schools Assignment #2 for weeks 3 & 4:

(1) Read Chapter 3 (Haley/Austin), and PowerPoint "Planning for the Standards-based Classroom" and answer questions on pp. 87 (Reflect and Respond), 357. Must be typed and handed in to Dr. Haley.

(2)Using a set of national, state or local standards, create <u>two content</u> and <u>two language</u> objectives.

(3) Read Haley, pp. 7-39.

(4) Read Vogt/Echevarria, Chapters 1 & 2

(5) Read Herrera/Murry, Chapter 4

Feb 7 and Feb 14 – The Planning Process – Domain 3: Planning InstructionWeeks (3 & 4)Section II – Herrell & Jordan BookPlanning effectively and advocating for ELLs.The Lesson Plan Template: Haley 111-112, Demographics. 2/7The Lesson Plan Template: Haley 111-112, Objectives. 2/14PowerPoint, Differentiating Instruction. Review assignments: objectives andChapter 3 reading. Comprehension activity on Chapter 3. Teachers Survey.Levels of ESL proficiency. PowerPoint, Second Language Acquisition Research.Haley, pp. 111-112.

Week 3: SIGN UP FOR INFORMAL TEACHING DEMOS – See Guidelines p. 15.

Assignment #3 for week 5:

(1) Read Chapter 2 (Haley/Austin), "A Critique of Methods and Approaches in Language Teaching."

(2) Read (Haley) pp. 41-48. (3) Read Herrera/Murry Chapter 6

Don't forget to look for all the PowerPoints on Dr. Haley's exemplars site: THERE ARE POWERPOINTS FOR BOTH THE HALEY AND HALEY/AUSTIN BOOKS!

http://cehd.gmu.edu/people/faculty/mhaley/exemplars

Feb 21- Assessment – Domain 4: Assessment

(Week 5) SITE VISIT AT BATTLEFIELD HS IN PRINCE WILLIAM COUNTY 4:00 PM!!

Recap Methods and Approaches for comprehension.

The Lesson Plan Template: Haley 111-112. Materials & Lesson Outline

Review assignments. Introduction to <u>Assessment</u>. Reasons for assessment. Alternative assessment/performance-based tasks. Focusing on interactive oral language assessment. Haley, pp. 111-112. Preview midterm assignment on technology.

PowerPoint: Assessment for ELLs.

Informal Teaching Demonstration # 1

Assignment # 4 for next class: The following must be typed and handed in to Dr. Haley: Use one of the objectives written in Assignment # 2 and create an assessment activity. Scaffold this assessment for the five proficiency levels. Preview PowerPoint on *Scaffolding* for reference. Also, use the CAN DO Descriptors in Haley, pp. 129-137 and/or WIDA book.

FEB 28 – LESSON DELIVERY – DOMAIN 1: LANGUAGE DOMAIN 2: CULTURE

Week (6) Section V in Herrell & Jordan Book

Review assignments. Creating standards-based, differentiated activities. Inclass, Vogt & Echevarria, Chapter 8.

The Lesson Plan Template: Haley 111-112, Warm-Up & Transition

PowerPoint: Creating Transitions

Preview mid-term assignment on technology.

Informal Teaching Demonstration # 2

Assignment #5 for next class:

(1) Chapter 9 (Haley/Austin), "Integrating Technology in an Interactive Content-based Classroom."

(2) Mid Term technology projects are due after spring break. See Guidelines/Rubric in syllabus.

(3) Read Vogt/Echevarria Chapter 4.

MAR 6 - INTEGRATING TECHNOLOGY

Week (7) Technology Overview – The role and impact of technology in today's classroom. Review assignments. Integrating Technology. Pedagogical implications for using technology. Technology in an interactive content-based classroom. Traditional technologies. Multimedia. Internet Scavenger Hunt. Technology Preview

Guest Presenter: Delia Racines

The Lesson Plan Template: Haley 111-112, Differentiating Instruction

Informal Teaching Demonstration # 3 (if needed). **Assignment # 6 for next class: Mid Term Technology Project**

MAR 13

WEEK (8)

NO CLASS. SPRING BREAK.

MAR 20 – INTEGRATING TECHNOLOGY – DOMAIN 3: PLANNING/MANAGING INSTRUCTION

Week (9) Section IV in Herrell & Jordan Book

MID TERM PROJECT DUE – ONE SEGMENT TO BE PRESENTED IN CLASS.

Students Sign up for Formal Teaching Demonstration!!! Assignment #7 for next class – Create a one day lesson plan. Must be typed! Use page 1 on the lesson plan template, p. 111 in Haley.

Mar 27 – Oral Communication Skills – Domain 1: Language			
Domain 2: Culture			
Week (10) Writer's Workshop to Critiq	ue One Day Lesson Plan		
Examining communicative diversity.			
The Lesson Plan Template: Haley 111-112, Assessment			
Theories of oral communicative develop	•		
language classroom. Focusing on oral co	mmunication in content-based language		
learning. Review one day lesson plans.			
Guest Presenter: Maricelis Pimental			
Discuss field experience and reports. Por	werPoint: Demographic Changes.		

Assignment #8 for next class: (1) Chapter 1, Herrera/Murry, Answer any 5

questions on p. 27. Must be typed!

APR 3 – WORKING WITH DIVERSE LEARNERS – DOMAINS 2, 3, 4

Week (11) Section V in Herrell & Jordan Book

Learner-centered instruction.

The Lesson Plan Template: Haley 111-112, Closure and Homework

Pedagogical implications for working with diverse learners. Working with Diverse Learners: Culturally & Linguistically Diverse Students

Video, Valuing Diverse Learners. Review Chpt 8 and article.

Assignment # 9: Read Haley, Lesson 6, pp. 77-93 & Answer questions on p. 93. Must be typed and handed in to Dr. Haley.

APR 10 – WORKING WITH DIVERSE LEARNERS – DOMAINS 2, 3, 4

Week (12) Culturally relevant pedagogy. Planning for sustained teaching. Review Lesson 6 and questions.

Providing for an inclusive classroom.

Assignment: Field Experience Reports

APR 17 – FIELD EXPERIENCE REPORTS AND VIDEOTAPES ARE DUE TODAY!

WEEK (13)

FINAL PREPARATION FOR FORMAL TEACHING DEMONSTRATIONS AND UNIT LESSON PLANS

Begin Creation and Construction of Professional Development Portfolio. Students should bring a laptop!

APR 24

Week (14)

Formal Teaching Demonstrations # 1

MAY 1

Week (15) Formal Teaching Demonstrations # 2 Course Evaluations Assignment # 10: Unit Lesson Plans due

ESL PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT PORTFOLIO

Go to the BlackBoard site and access the word document with the Guidelines for the portfolio, "TESOL NCATE Professional Development Portfolio"

GUIDELINES, TEMPLATES, & RUBRICS

FORMAL TEACHING DEMONSTRATIONS

Note: Instructions will be given in class for "informal" teaching demonstrations.

Methods/Approaches

- Total Physical Response (TPR)
- Natural Approach (Terrell and Krashen)
- Direct Method (such as Berlitz, Jespersen, de Sauze)
- Cognitive Academic Language Learning Approach (CALLA)
- Total Physical Response Storytelling (TPRS)
- Audiolingual Method (ALM)

Instructional Strategies

- Cooperative Learning
- Information Gap/Jigsaw or Other Interactive Activities
- Grouping
- Computer Assisted Language Learning
- Alternative Forms of Assessment
- Content-based Instruction (CBI)

GUIDELINES FOR METHODS AND STRATEGIES TEACHING DEMONSTRATIONS

1. Prepare a lesson plan, using page 1 of the template provided. <u>Page two of the lesson</u> plan is to be completed after your teaching simulation and submitted to Professor Haley the following day. Read at least three articles on the method or approach you have chosen. Try to find at least one source by the original developer of the method/approach/strategy.

2. You will work in groups or pairs for your teaching demonstration. You have **30 minutes**. Plan your time carefully. You have a maximum of 15-20 minutes to teach. You may take another 5-10 minutes to provide background information about the method/approach/strategy and discuss your handout. The class will take 10 minutes at the end of your demonstration to give you feedback and ask questions.

- 3. The demonstration may include:
- Background information about the method
- The type of class your particular demonstration is intended for, e.g., level of proficiency, grade level, type of class, etc.
- Skills you are teaching and basic objectives of the lesson
- Special teacher-made materials; props and realia are <u>strongly</u> encouraged
- Possible follow-up activities to the lesson you have presented
- How you might conduct assessment of the lesson you have presented, if appropriate
- Others you can think of....

4. <u>BE CREATIVE!</u>

5. Try to spend less time talking about the method/approach/strategy, more time demonstrating it. You may decide to introduce your lesson by describing the method first or you may wish to immerse us in the experience and explain after the demonstration.

6. We will be your students. You may assign us whatever roles and ages you wish.

7. As a team, you may try any combination of team teaching, or each of you may demonstrate a separate activity. If you wish, you may divide teaching responsibilities by proficiency level of students. Remember that you do not have a lot of time (maximum 30 minutes).

8. Prepare a handout for the class that includes your lesson plan. It might be a summary of some points you have made or it might be sharing something from the lesson you have developed that class members might like to use in their own teaching.

EVALUATION of your teaching demonstration will be based upon the following criteria:

- Quality and accuracy of lesson plan
- □ An accurate summary of the method chosen
- Faithfulness to the general philosophy and techniques of the method chosen
- Evidence of preparation
- Use of teacher-developed materials
- Flexibility in response to students' spontaneity
- Efficient use of time
- Class rapport, warmth, and enthusiasm of teacher
- Creativity
- Usefulness of Handout

REFLECTION PHASE – To be sent electronically to Dr. Haley within one week of the teaching demonstration.

Efforts to Accommodate: Visual learners Auditory learners Tactile learners Specials needs learners
What worked well?
What didn't work well?
What will you do differently as a result of this plan?
How might this lesson be improved?

One important thing I learned was____

Sample Lesson Plan Template ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE

 Teacher
 School

 Grade(s)
 Proficiency Level(s)
 Program Model

 Content:
 Program Model
 Program Model

PLANNING PHASE

CONTENT AND/OR LANGUAGE OBJECTIVES – AS A RESULT OF THIS LESSON, STUDENTS WILL BE ABLE TO:

1.

2.

3.

Vocabulary

Materials Needed

Lesson Outline:

NATIONAL/STATE/LOCAL STANDARDS:_____

TEACHING PHASE SEQUENCE

Warm-up Activity:_____

Transition:_____

Activities

Grouping	Scaffolding	Processes	Skills
Entire class	Modeling	Reading	Listening
Small group	Individual	Listening	Speaking
Partners	Guided	Writing	Reading
Individual		Individual	Writing

Activity # 1 Transition

Activity # 2 Transition

Activity # 3 Transition

Differentiated Instruction

Starting Up Beginning Developing Expanding Bridging

Assessment

Closure Review of this lesson:

Preview for next lesson:

Home Work

REFLECTION PHASE

Efforts to Accommodate:	
Visual learners	
Auditory learners	
Tactile learners	
Specials needs learners	

What worked well?_____

What didn't work well?	

What will you do differently as a result of this plan?_____

How might this lesson be improved?_____

One important thing I learned was_____

EDCI 519 -- Methods of Teaching in Multilingual Settings

FORMAL TEACHING DEMONSTRATION

Presenter(s)

Method/Strategy_____ Date_____

E Encellent		•	•		
5=Excellent	1	2	3	4	5
1=Poor					
Quality/Accuracy					
of Lesson Plan					
Usefulness of					
Handout					
Accurate					
Summary					
True to					
Method/Strategy					
Evidence of					
Preparation					
Use of Teacher-					
Developed					
Materials					
Flexibility in					
Response to					
Students					
Efficient Use of					
Time					
Class rapport,					
warmth,					
enthusiasm					
Creativity					
Differentiated 5					
levels of					
proficiency					

Comments:_____

Recommendations:

Guidelines for Informal Teaching Demonstration

- 1. Using Lessons 1-5 in the Haley book, you and your partner(s) will prepare and present a **20-30 minute** content-based lesson in class. At the end of your demonstration the class will take 5 minutes to ask questions and give feedback.
- 2. You and your partner(s) will sign up for a specific date to prepare and present your lesson. It will be your responsibility to bring the necessary materials (markers, pens, transparencies, sentence strips, poster paper, etc), visuals, and manipulatives for your demonstration.
- 3. When preparing your lesson, you will need to consider students' diverse learning styles, multiple intelligences and proficiency levels. How can you differentiate instruction so that <u>all</u> students' diverse needs and proficiency levels are accommodated?
- 4. You and your partner(s) may choose one, two or any combination of methods/approaches/strategies to present your lesson.
- 5. We will be your students. You and your partner(s) can assign us different proficiency levels and ages.
- 6. Teaching responsibilities can be divided, or you may wish to team teach.

EVALUATION of your teaching demonstration will be based upon the following criteria:

- Evidence of differentiated instruction
- Efficient use of time
- Class rapport, warmth, and enthusiasm of teacher
- Creativity

GUIDELINES FOR FIELD EXPERIENCE – <u>PRE-SERVICE TEACHERS</u> COURSE TITLE: Methods of Teaching Multilingual Students (EDCI 519) INSTRUCTOR: Dr. Marjorie Hall Haley

For EDCI 519 you are required to complete a minimum of 10 hours of field experience. You have two options to complete this requirement: (1) you may choose to have your placement made for you by GMU; and (2) you may participate in a designated site experience with Prince Williams County Public Schools – Battlefield High School (Arrangements made by Dr. Haley). Note: This visit will not satisfy the full 10 requirement. See the following instructions:

(1) The online Field Experience Presentation discusses the registration process for students. The presentation and the registration website can be accessed from this location:

http://cehd.gmu.edu/teacher/fieldexperience/

Please inform students about this website, either showing them the presentation during class time or asking them to view it from home. It is important that all students completing field experience register by the deadline.

If you have questions, contact Lauren Clark at lclarkg@gmu.edu

(2) Dr. Haley will provide all necessary information for the site visit to Battlefield HS in Haymarket, VA on Tuesday, 21 Feb at 4:00 PM. We will still have class that evening!

COURSE DESCRIPTION:

Study of theories and methods of Bilingual/ESL teaching, with practical application to the classroom. Field experience required for those seeking initial teacher certification.

FIELD EXPERIENCE OBJECTIVES: <u>PRE-SERVICE TEACHERS</u>

1. To observe the application of Bilingual/ESL teaching strategies and methods embodied in the classroom procedures of the cooperating teachers at K-16 levels.

- 2. To select one of the recommended Field-based Experiences listed in each chapter of the text.
- 3. To learn and become familiar with successful and innovative practices.
- 4. To gain valuable insight into student responses to each type of activity.

5. To get to know students at a given age and grade, areas of strength and weakness, and general learning pace.

6. To become familiar with special Bilingual/ESL resources and activities in the particular school:

(a) computer laboratory (where used), its functioning, specific tapes (or software) available for use;
(b) films, tapes, slides, records, or any other multimedia relating to language;
(c) special Bilingual/ESL classrooms, i.e., electronic, transition immersion, self contained, as well as those decorated with posters, interactive bulletin boards, and learning centers.

<u>Method:</u> As a requirement of the GMU Graduate School of Education, participants will engage in an on-site school-based field experience. Students will engage in observations, interactions with students and in teacher interviews in the school setting. A short written report, due by the end of the semester should consist of three principle parts and be a total of 3-4 pages, double-spaced, 12 pt font, in length. Guidelines and suggested report format are listed below

Part I -- **INTRODUCTION** – Use this section to introduce where you observed, demographics of the school community, etc. Follow the list below as a guidepost for things you may wish to observe. It is not necessary to try and cover all 20 items.

- 1. Observe how the teacher handles multiple learning styles
- 2. Seating arrangements
- 3. Discipline problems
- 4. Daily routine
- 5. What percentage of time is devoted to each of the 4 skills?

6. Describe the way the teacher began the class. Did it lead into the lesson effectively? Why or why not?

- 7. Combined classes
- 8. Homework how was it assigned and checked?
- 9. Amount, if any of students' L1 used
- 10. Variety of activities
- 11. Use of daily lesson plan
- 12. Use of visuals and/or technology
- 13. Works with accelerated and slower students
- 14. Use of textbook(s)
- 15. Classroom appearance
- 16. How the teacher creates a community of learners

17. Were the objectives of the day's lesson given to the students? If yes, what were the objectives and how were they given?

18. Was the atmosphere conducive to motivating students to participate actively? Explain.

- 19. How did the teacher keep the students on task?
- 20. Describe the rapport between teacher and students

PART II – INTERVIEWS WITH TEACHER(S) – plan to conduct at least one interview with a teacher. Use the following questions as guides (add your own as appropriate).

- 1. What instructional approaches work well for this age group?
- 2. In terms of classroom management, what strategies are most effective for your students?
- 3. What are some effective methods/strategies/assessments for working with students from many different countries?
- 4. What are the areas of weakness or difficulty for students at your grade level and what do you do to overcome these difficulties?
- 5. In what ways do you assess student progress?
- 6. How would you describe your teaching style?
- 7. How has your teaching style changed since your started your career?
- 8. What do you (or your school) do to build partnerships with the ESOL students' families
- 9. How would you go about establishing better communication with the parents of ELLs?

PART III – REFLECTION - Summarize your learning from each observation and interview. This provides you the opportunity to connect *theory to practice.* As you think and write about these school-based experiences, refer to the course content, readings, and discussions. Synthesize this information and apply it to the class content as well as your future (or current status) as an ESL or Bilingual teacher.

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES FOR FIELD EXPERIENCE:

1. Work with individual students or small groups to gain confidence and make some initial contact with students.

Note: Pay strict attention to the above guidelines. Remember, you are a guest in these schools and classrooms. Appropriate attire and conduct are mandatory. Professional courtesy is essential. If you must cancel a scheduled visit, call as soon as possible to let the teacher know.

These teachers are **not** on display. They have willingly agreed to make themselves available to you. Try to be helpful and lend assistance where possible. This is to be an **interactive** experience - not passive.

GEORGE MASON UNIVERSITY Graduate School of Education

Field Experience Reporting Form

Name:

Semester/Year Spring 2012

School:

Course: EDCI 519

Professor: Dr. Marjorie Hall Haley

Clockhours: 10

School site/class/grade

<u>Teacher</u>

Date

<u>Hours on site</u>

Use this form as a way of keeping track of your required 10 hours of field experience. Return this form when you submit your written report.

Analytic Scoring Rubric – PRE-SERVICE Teacher Field Experience and Report EDCI 519 – Spring 2012

Accomplished Strongly meets Expectations. Clear, Consistent, and <u>Convincing Evidence</u> 18-20 points A	Developing: Meets Expectations Adequately. <u>Clear Evidence</u> 15-17 points B	Beginning: Does not adequately meeting Expectations Limited Evidence 12-14 points C	No Evidence Little or No Evidence 0-11 points F
Includes school site(s)	Part I - Intro	Includes school site	Does not include school site
Includes school site(s) description(s), demographics, & school community. Addresses at least 15 out of 20 items listed in syllabus.	description and demographics. Addresses at least 10 out of 20 items listed in syllabus.	description. Addresses at least 5 out of 20 items listed in syllabus.	description, demographics, and/or school community. Addresses fewer than 5 out of 20 items listed in syllabus.
	Part II: Interviews	With Teachers	
Interview (s) conducted	Part III: Re	flection	
Connects Theory to Practice			
Completes 10 hours of field	Hours of Field Experie Completes 8-9 hours of	Completes 6-7 hours of	Completes fewer than 5 hours of
experience	field experience	field experience	field experience
		stic and social development a	
Illustrates a clear familiarity with students at a given age and grade, areas of strength and weakness and general learning pace	Illustrates a partial familiarity with students at a given age and grade, areas of strength and weakness and general learning pace	Illustrates a limited familiarity with students at a given age and grade, areas of strength and weakness and general learning pace	Does not illustrate a familiarity with students at a given age and grade, areas of strength and weakness and general learning pace
	Written A		
Organizes paper in a thoughtful manner	Paper lacks some clarity	Paper is not well- organized	Paper is not well-organized.
Clearly describes resources and activities in a bilingual/ESL classroom Provides a clear description of application of bilingual/ESL teaching strategies and methods and student response to those strategies and methods	Partially describes resources and activities in a bilingual/ESL classroom Provides a partial description of application of bilingual/ESL teaching strategies and methods and student response to those strategies and methods	Provides a limited description of resources and activities in a bilingual/ESL classroom Provides a limited description of application of bilingual/ESL teaching strategies and methods and student response to those strategies and methods	Does not describe resources and activities in a bilingual/ESL classroom Does not provide a description of application of bilingual/ESL teaching strategies and methods and student response to those strategies and methods

Student name:_____

Score:_____

Comments/Feedback:

In-Service Teachers Field Experience

Guidelines for Videotaping IN-SERVICE TEACHERS ONLY

In-service: Videotape - - two 15-minute clips of you and your class during a period of instruction. The videotape should portray how you apply various strategies and give a glimpse of the learning environment. Of particular importance is that you demonstrate the following: instructional strategies, classroom management, assessment, differentiated instruction, and how to accommodate multiple proficiency and literacy levels.

It is important to remember that the purpose of the videotape is to provide as authentic and complete a view of your teaching as possible. A videotape is an indication of how you interact with students, the climate you create in the classroom, the ways in which you engage students in learning. A picture is "worth a thousand words" in conveying to others how you practice your profession, the decisions you make, and your relationships with students.

It is normal to find the initial experience with a video camera uncomfortable. We do not see ourselves quite the way others see us, and the difference can be a shock. It takes some getting used to, and practice is the only remedy. The same can be said of students; only multiple opportunities with a video camera will enable students to behave naturally in its presence. Therefore, it is highly advisable to practice with a video camera. Place the camera and tripod where the camera will receive a good picture of the entire classroom. Tape several lessons and watch them alone. You will become accustomed to how you look and sound and you will begin to notice what the students are doing and how their learning could be improved.

Practical matters

Permission You will need a parental permission slip for each student who might appear on your tape. You may ask your school for such a form or use the one provided. If possible, you should secure a blanket permission slip from the parents or legal guardians of all your students to cover taping as needed. Explain to the parents or legal guardians that you are using the tapes for discussions with other teachers about the best ways to teach and that the students will never be identified by their full names in the tape. Try and help them understand that the videotape is not about the student, but is intended for professional discussion. If, for some reason, a student's parents refuse to grant permission, you will have to take care that he or she is seated out of the camera's range.

Equipment - Use the best videotaping equipment available when making your videotape. This also includes your choice of videotape. Previously used tapes from home may be worn or may contain other material and will not provide the best quality for you. Make sure that the equipment has a sensitive microphone so that all voices are easily discernible.

Analysis of Videotape: Answer <u>no fewer than 12</u> of the following questions:

- 1. What connections with prior experience were visible in the video?
- 2. What kinds of activities did you use to help students discover and explore connections to other academic disciplines and to their own lives?
- 3. What were any unexpected changes that you had to make to your planned instruction during this lesson? What prompted the change(s)?
- 4. What instructional challenge(s) are presented for achieving your goals for this lesson?
- 5. How did you provide appropriate feedback to these students throughout the sequence of instruction?
- 6. What is the extent of classroom involvement (e.g., are the same students doing all the talking?
- 7. Are the students engaged in the lesson? How can you tell? What do students' facial expressions and body language tell you about your instruction?
- 8. What kinds of questions do you ask? Can all questions be answered with a single word? How long do you wait for responses? Do you ask students to explain and/or defend a particular answer? Do you ask students to compare or evaluate alternative interpretations or strategies?
- 9. Were there any opportunities for students to ask questions? How would you categorize the students' questions (e.g., did they indicate confusion and a need for clarification or understanding and extension)?
- 10. What roles (e.g., expert, facilitator, co-learner) did you play in the videotape? Was each role appropriate for the situation?
- 11. What kinds of tasks did you ask students to do? Did you capitalize on their previous knowledge and experiences?
- 12. What instructional opportunities did you take advantage of? Why?
- 13. What evidence did you see of the students taking intellectual risks? Does the class look safe as an environment for getting something wrong? Do students talk to each other as well as to you?
- 14. Do you push students to task risks, to speculate, to offer conjectures about possible approaches, strategies, and interpretations?
- 15. Were the learning goals for the lesson achieved? Did you adjust the lesson so your goals could be achieved by every student? What are the evidences for your answers, both in the videotape and from other sources?
- 16. Explain how your design and execution of this lesson affected the achievement of your instructional goals. (Your response might include but is not limited to such things are the anticipation and handling of student misconceptions, the unexpected questions from students, the unanticipated opportunity for learning that you captured, or your planned strategy and its outcomes in the lesson.)
- 17. What do you do to include parents?
- 18. What do you do to educate your colleagues?

Reflection on the Videotape: Answer the following questions:

- 1. What in the instructional sequence worked well in advancing student learning? If anything did not work as well as you expected, how would you change it? Cite specific evidence from the videotape.
- 2. What would you do differently, if you were given the opportunity to teach this particular lesson again with these students, and why?
- 3. How does this segment reflect a classroom climate that supports language learning?

Videotape: Your videotape must

- 1. Have voices that are audible
- 2. Be no longer than 30 minutes.
- 3. Be either digital or standard VHS format, CD, or DVD

RELEASE FORM

Graduate School of Education George Mason University Spring 2012

Permission to Use Student Materials and Image in Videotape

As a student in the Graduate School of Education at George Mason University I am requesting permission to use student materials and image in a videotape that will be used for discussion about the best ways to teach foreign/second languages. Students will never be identified by their names in the tape. This videotape is not about the students, but is intended for professional development.

Teacher's Signature

Student's Name_____

Parent(s) or Legal Guardian(s) Signature_____

Marjorie Hall Haley, PhD Professor of Education <u>mhaley@gmu.edu</u> (703) 993-8710

Analytic Scoring Rubric – In-Service Teacher Video EDCI 519 – Spring 2012 IN-SERVICE Teachers Field Experience Report

Accomplished Strongly meets Expectations. Clear, Consistent, and Convincing Evidence 18-20 points	Developing: Meets Expectations Adequately. Clear Evidence 15-17 points	Beginning: Does not adequately meeting Expectations Limited Evidence 12-14 points	No Evidence Little or No Evidence 0-11 points
Å	B	Ċ	F
	Fulfillment of re	quirements	
Meets all requirements	Meets most requirements	Meets some requirements	Does not meet requirements
	Video requir	rements	
Videotape is not longer than 20 minutes, is in the proper format and voices are audible	Videotape is not longer than 20 minutes, is not in the proper format and/or voices are not audible	Videotape is longer than 20 minutes, is not in the proper format and/or voices are not audible	Videotape is longer than 20 minutes, is not in the proper format and/or voices are not audible
	Written Ar	nalysis	
Provides an in-depth analysis of videotape (answers at least 12 questions)	Provides a partial analysis of videotape (answers 9- 11 questions)	Provides a limited analysis of videotape (answers 5-8 questions)	Does not provide an analysis of videotape by answering questions
Provides an in-depth reflection of the videotape (answers all questions)	Provides a partial reflection of the videotape (answers most questions)	Provides a limited reflection of the videotape (answers some questions)	Does not provide a reflection of the videotape and does not answer questions

Student name:_____

Score:_____

Comments/Feedback:

GUIDELINES FOR MID-TERM PROJECT

Option A: Using Technology to Enhance Learning Experiences for English Language Learners

Begin by viewing this You Tube: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Fnh9q_cQcUE

The following was retrieved on 16 Jan 2010 from: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Digital_native

Marc Prensky is acknowledged to have coined the term *digital native* in his work *Digital Natives, Digital Immigrants* published in 2001. In his seminal article, he assigns it to a new breed of student entering educational establishments.^[1] The term draws an <u>analogy</u> to a country's <u>natives</u>, for whom the local religion, language, and folkways are natural and indigenous, over against <u>immigrants</u> to a country who often are expected to adapt and assimilate to their newly adopted home. Prensky refers to *accents* employed by digital immigrants, such as printing documents rather than commenting on screen or printing out emails to save in hard copy form. Digital immigrants are said to have a "thick accent" when operating in the digital world in distinctly pre-digital ways, for instance, calling someone on the telephone to ask if they have received a sent e-mail.

Not everyone agrees with the language and underlying assumptions of the *digital native*, particularly as it pertains to the concept of their differentiation. There are many reasonable arguments against this differentiation. It suggests a fluidity with technology that not all children and young adults have, and a corresponding awkwardness with technology that not all older adults have. It entirely ignores the fact that the digital universe was conceived of pioneered, and created by the *digital immigrants*. In its application, the concept of the digital native preferences those who grow up with technology as having a special status ignoring the significant difference between familiarity and creative application.

Crucially, there is debate over whether there is any adequate evidence for claims made about *digital natives* and their implications for education. <u>Bennett, Maton & Kervin (2008)</u>, for example, critically review the research evidence and describe some accounts of *digital natives* as an academic form of a moral panic.

Your Task:

You will select an educational technology that can be utilized in today's classrooms with English Language Learners. This can be something you currently use or would like to learn to use. You will plan a demonstration on how to use this technology in a content (math, science, social studies, English Language Arts) standards-based lesson activity. Dr. Haley can help in providing some technologies. However, most can be obtained online. Your tech project will consist of demonstrating "how" to use the technology you've selected. You will submit a paper copy and CD/DVD detailing the activity. You may select from the following or choose a technology with which you are already familiar: Wikis Blog Electronic grade book Marjorie Hall Haley, PhD Digital camera EPals Facebook Twitter Skype Smartboard MySpace Flickr

Additional technologies:

iPod, Flip Cameras, iClickers, IPods, Pod-cast, Webinar, BlackBoard, PhotoStory, Hot Potato, Flash Media, Kindle, Wii, Mimio, Video tape, Multimedia, PowerPoint, MOOs and MUDs, You Tube, Teacher Tube, Web Quest, Picasa, Jing, Wordle, Wikispaces, Animoto, Voxopop, Toondo, Voicethread, or Other Technologies

Procedures/Steps to Follow:

1. Prepare a 30-minute technology-based project to be taught in a standards-based math, science, social studies or ELA classroom and apply it to a teaching setting. The purpose of the project is to focus on one technology and inform teachers about its implications for working with ELLs.

- 2. Describe the teacher/student population and their needs.
- 3. Prepare a printed guide to your product to help a novice use it.

4. Refer to course topics to add support to this project. For instance, describe how you can scaffold and differentiate instruction for multiple proficiency levels students working along side mainstream English-only students.

5. Submit your project on either DVD/CD/diskette and in paper format.

Option B:

If you have other ideas for ways to increase your knowledge of successfully implementing technology, please see Dr. Haley for permission to pursue another option.

Analytic Scoring Rubric – Mid Term Project Option A EDCI 519 – Spring 2012

Accomplished	Developing:	Beginning:	No Evidence		
Strongly meets	Meets Expectations	Does not adequately	Little or No Evidence		
Expectations. Clear,	Adequately.	meeting Expectations			
Consistent, and	Clear Evidence	Limited Evidence			
Convincing Evidence					
18-20 points	15-17 points	12-14 points	0-11 point		
Ā	B	Ĉ	Ē		
	Fulfillment				
Prepares a 30 minute	Prepares a 30 minute	Prepares a 30 minute	Does not prepare a 30		
videotape, electronic	videotape, electronic	videotape, electronic	minute videotape,		
game/grammar book,	game/grammar book,	game/grammar book,	electronic game/grammar		
presentation or other type	presentation or other type	presentation or other type	book, presentation or other		
of technology-based	of technology-based	of technology-based	type of technology-based		
project	project	project	project		
	Completion of task				
Project is based on a	Project is partially based	Project is not based on a	Project is not based on a		
course outline topic	on a course outline topic	course outline topic	course outline topic		
Projects applies to a	Projects partially applies to	Projects seldom applies to	Project does not apply to a		
teaching setting	a teaching setting	a teaching setting	teaching setting		
Submits project on both	Submits project on both	Submits project on either	Does not submit project on		
CD and in paper format	CD and in paper format	CD or paper format	either CD or paper format		
Appropriateness and usefulness of materials selected					
Describes the	Partially describes the	Does not clearly describe	Does not describe the		
teacher/student population	teacher/student population	the teacher/student	teacher/student population		
and their needs	and their needs	population and their needs	and their needs		
Analysis					
Prepares a printed guide of	Partially prepares a printed	Partially prepares a printed	Does not prepare a printed		
the product to help a	guide of the product to	guide of the product to	guide of the product to help		
novice use it	help a novice use it	help a novice use it	a novice use it		
Refers to course topics to	Partially refers to course	Does not refer to course	Does not refer to course		
add support to project	topics to add support to project	topics to add support to project	topics to add support to project		

Student name:_____

Score:_____

Comments/Feedback:

FINAL PROJECT

This project is <u>required</u> for the licensure portfolio! Must be turned in on either DVD/CD/Diskette and paper copies.

GUIDELINES FOR UNIT LESSON PLAN: Planning for Standards-based ESL and Content Instruction; Managing and Implementing Standards-based ESL and Content Instruction; and Using Resources Effectively in ESL and Content Instruction

Description: Plan classroom instruction in a supportive learning environment for multilevel classrooms with learners from diverse backgrounds using standards-based ESL and content curriculum. You will plan language-building activities that are designed for studentcentered learning. This is to include cooperative learning and flexible grouping. Your plans are to include specific ESL and content, standards-based objectives and provide multiple ways of presenting content. Show that you know, understand and can apply concepts acquired in this course to your own approach to planning a supporting learning environment for ESL students in multilevel classrooms with learners from diverse backgrounds. Demonstrate effective use of a wide range of standards-based materials, resources and technologies. In this five day plan you will design activities and provide materials build strengths in reading, writing, listening, and speaking. Activities should include a variety of activities based on students' interest, texts and themes, a range of genres, and personal experiences to enhance students' expression in English and other content areas. Organize learning around standards-based subject matter and language learning objectives. Incorporate activities, tasks, and assignments that develop authentic uses of language, as students learn about content-area material. Provide activities and materials that integrate listening, speaking, reading, and writing. Employ an appropriate variety of materials for language learning, including books, visual aids, props, and realia. Use appropriate technological resources to enhance language and content-area instruction for ESOL students.

Process: Follow the outline below for planning a unit/lesson plan that is <u>specific to your</u> <u>own current or future teaching circumstance</u>. This plan should cover 5 days (1 separate lesson plan for each day) and each day's plan must include *preparation, presentation, practice, evaluation, expansion, and scaffolded (multilevel) instruction.* Use the lesson plan template pages 1-2 provided in the syllabus. Choose one theme or topic and the level/age/grade/content you want to teach. Include this in the title. Define the program model, i.e., pull out, push in, sheltered, immersion, etc. Provide a scenario of the school and class setting for whom this unit plan is intended.

TESOL/NCATE Standard 3a: Know, understand and apply concepts, research, and best practices to plan instruction in a supporting learning environment for ESL students. Serve as effective English-language models, as they plan for multilevel classrooms with learners from diverse backgrounds using standards-based ESL and content curriculum.

TESOL/NCATE Standard 3b: Know, manage and implement a variety of standards-based teaching strategies and techniques for developing and integrating English listening, speaking, reading, and writing, and for accessing the core curriculum.

TESOL/NCATE Standard 3c: Are familiar with a wide range of standards-based materials, resources, and technologies, and choose, adapt, and use them in effective ESL and content teaching.

Assessment Criteria: The five assessment criteria used will be

- 1. Concepts, research, and best practices
- 2. A descriptive scenario of the school, class composition, and time of year (similar to those provided in the Brain Compatible book
- 3. Multilevel instruction
- 4. Standards, content, and theme-based
- Five separate lesson plans and includes all 4 skills: listening, speaking, reading and writing. Use lesson plan template: Planning Phase, Teaching Phase Sequence, pp. 13-14. Do <u>not</u> include Reflection Phase.
- 6. Standards-based materials, resources, and technologies

Analytic Scoring Rubric -- Unit Lesson Plan EDCI 519 – Spring 2012 TESOL Standard 3a., 3b., 3c. Required for Portfolio and TESOL NCATE

Required for Portfolio and TESOL NCATE TESOL Standard Does Not Meet Standard Approaches Standard Meets Standards Exceeds Standard				Exceeds Standard
12002 Standard	0-11 points	12-14 points	15-17 points	18-20 points
	·	Points	Pointo	
3.a. Planning for	Candidate provides a five- day	Candidate provides a five-	Candidate provides a five-	Candidate provides a five-day unit plan
standards-based ESL	unit plan not based on	day unit plan with some	day unit plan with	with standards-based ESL and math,
and content instruction	standards-based ESL and	standards-based ESL and	standards-based ESL and	science, social studies, and English
	content objectives. Objectives	content objectives. Objectives	content objectives.	language arts objectives. Objectives are
14	are inappropriate for age and	are inappropriate for age of	Objectives are appropriate	appropriate for age and educational
/4 points	educational background level of students. The unit plan is	students but appropriate for educational background level	for age and educational background level of	background level of diverse learners. The unit plan is designed for a
	not designed for a classroom	of students. The unit plan is	students. The unit plan is	classroom with multilevel activities to
	with multilevel learners from	designed with some focus on	designed for a classroom	meet the needs of diverse learners.
	diverse backgrounds.	multilevel learners from	with multilevel learners	Candidate plans ESL and content
	Ũ	diverse backgrounds.	from diverse backgrounds.	instruction that is student centered.
3.b.1. Organize learning	Candidate shows little	Candidate shows some	Candidate shows an	Candidate shows a high level of
around standards-based	understanding of and ability	understanding of and ability	understanding of and ability	understanding or and ability to organize
subject matter and	to organize learning around	to organize learning around	to organize learning around	learning around effective standards-
language learning	effective standards-based ESL	effective standards-based	effective standards-based	based ESL and content instruction. Unit
objectives	and content instruction. Unit plan does not include	ESL and content instruction. Unit plan does not clearly	ESL and content instruction. Unit plan clearly supports	plan clearly supports and integrates appropriate language learning
	appropriate language learning	support language learning	appropriate language	objectives. Candidate creates objectives
/4 points	objectives. Candidate does	objectives. Candidate creates	learning objectives.	that support state standards (SOLs)
I	not create objectives that	objectives that sometimes	Candidate creates objectives	while providing scaffolding techniques
	sometimes support state	support state standards	that support state standards	throughout the unit plan. Candidate uses
	standards (SOLs) in an	(SOLs) in an engaging,	(SOLs) in an engaging,	students' prior knowledge to plan
	engaging, interactive manner.	interactive manner. Candidate	interactive manner.	activities that integrate skill and content
	Candidate does not use students' prior knowledge in	sometimes uses students' prior knowledge in planning	Candidate uses students'	areas through thematic-based topics.
	planning ESL and content	ESL and content instruction.	prior knowledge in planning ESL and content instruction.	
	instruction.	ESE and content instruction.	ESE and content instruction.	
3.b.3. Provide activities	Candidate provides activities	Candidate provides activities	Candidate provides	Candidate provides activities that
and materials that	that integrate one of the four	that integrate at least two of	activities that integrate all	integrate all language skills: listening,
integrate listening,	language skills: listening,	the four language skills:	language skills: listening,	speaking, reading, and writing in
speaking, reading, and	speaking, reading, or writing.	listening, speaking, reading,	speaking, reading, and	content areas through thematic and
writing	Candidate shows no awareness that integrated	and writing.Candidate shows little awareness that	writing. Candidate shows awareness that integrated	discovery-learning activities. Candidate shows high- level awareness that
/4 points	learning activities build	integrated learning activities	learning activities build	integrated learning activities build
/4 points	meaning through practice.	build meaning through	meaning through practice.	meaning through practice.
	meaning an ough practice.	practice.	meaning an ough practice.	meaning mough practice.
3.c. Use resources	Candidate uses few, if any,	Candidate uses one or two	Candidate uses three or	Candidate uses 8-10 instructional tools
effectively in ESL and	instructional tools and	instructional tools and	more instructional tools and	and resources to effectively support
content instruction	resources effectively to	resources effectively to	resources to effectively	ESL and content instruction. Unit plan
	support ESL and content	support ESL and content instruction. Unit plan	support ESL and content instruction. Unit plan	includes candidate's high level of
/4points	instruction. Unit plan does not include evidence of	instruction. Unit plan	instruction. Unit plan	knowledge of ELLs various approaches to learning. There is strong evidence
/4points	candidate's knowledge of	knowledge of ELLs various	knowledge of ELLs various	adaptation and use of resources to
	ELLs various approaches to	approaches to learning. There	approaches to learning.	support ESL and content instruction. of
	learning. There is no evidence	is no significant adaptation or	There is evidence of	materials, resources, and technologies.
	of adaptation or use of	use of resources to support	adaptation and use of	Candidate uses supplementary materials
	resources to support ESL and	ESL and content instruction.	resources to support ESL	to a high degree making activities clear
	content instruction.		and content instruction.	and meaningful. Candidate adapts
				content to all levels of student
				proficiency in a supportive classroom environment.
Descriptive Scenario	Candidate does not provide	Candidate provides some	Candidate provides	Candidate provides thorough
= .ser.pute Scenario	description of school, class	background information on	description class	description of school demographics,
/4 points	composition or time of year.	class composition.	composition and time of	class composition, and time of year.
_			year.	

Student Name:_____

Score:_____

Accomplished Strongly meets Expectations. Clear, Consistent, and Convincing Evidence 15 points	Developing: Meets Expectations Adequately. Clear Evidence 13-14 points	Beginning: Does not adequately meeting Expectations Limited Evidence 11-12 points	No Evidence Little or No Evidence 0-10 points		
A	B	C C	F		
Class Attendance					
Attended all classes or missed 1 class, arriving on time	Missed 2 classes. Arrived late.	Missed 3 classes Arrived late	Missed more than 3 classes. 3 or more late arrivals.		
Homework					
Complete assignments on time	Completed most assignments on time	Completed few assignments on time	Did not complete assignments on time		
Participation					
Engaged in meaningful class discussions	Engaged in class discussions	Rarely engaged in class discussion	Did not engage in class discussions		
Participated actively in class activities	Participated in most class activities	Rarely participated in class activities	Did not participate in class activities		
Provided constructive feedback to class members	Provided some constructive feedback to class members	Rarely provided constructive feedback to class members	Did not provide constructive feedback to class members		

Student name:_____

Score:_____

Comments/Feedback:

Materials Release Form for

EDCI 519 Spring 2012 Dr. Marjorie Hall Haley

In this course, I will be electronically collecting and storing work samples of your projects and/or papers as performance evidence for program accreditation, which is conducted every seven years by the National Council for the Accreditation of Teacher Education (NCATE) programs. If you agree to let me use your materials for this purpose, please sign below. Pease note that every precaution will be taken to protect your anonymity.

1. I, _____, give permission for

(please print your name)

materials produced to meet the requirements of this course **to be used as work samples for the NCATE** review process.

2. Please replace my name with a code on my papers and projects.

YES NO

Signature

Date

Tel. No. _____ (Home or cell phone)

Email address

STUDENT BIOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION

Please Print <u>clearly!</u>				
Name:				
E-mail address:				
Home phone:	Work phone:			
	Academic Advisor			
Year admitted:	Expected completion year			
Currently teaching? If	yes, where, what, and for how long?			
Language(s) you speak/read/write Level(s) of proficiency Travel experience? Where?				
For how long?				
Career goals:				
What you hope to gain from this class:				
Favorite leisure/pastime activities:				